Development, Collaborations, and Evaluation of the Kyoto University Rare Materials Digital Archive

Chifumi Nishioka (Kyoto University Library)

KUDH International Conference
Digital Transformation in the Humanities
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Outline

- Development
- Collaborations
- Evaluation

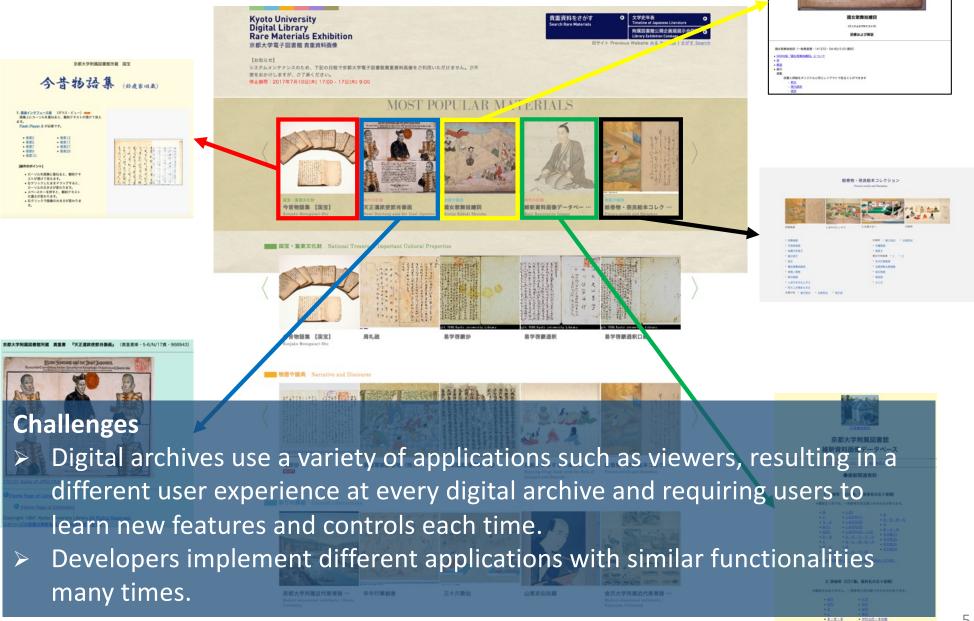
Preliminary

- Digital archive: Website that provides access to collections of digitized material
- Rare material: Resource including historically important manuscripts, maps, and drawings

I. Development

Digitization over 20 Years

野代の記録 Historical Record



IIIF [1/2]



= International Image Interoperability Framework

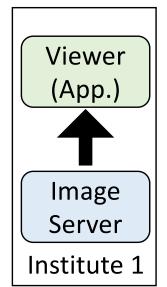
A Community
that develops Shared APIs,
implements them in Software,
and exposes interoperable Content

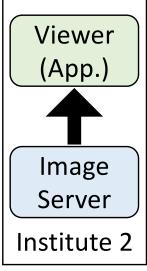
IIIF [2/2]

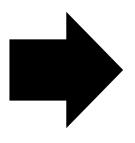


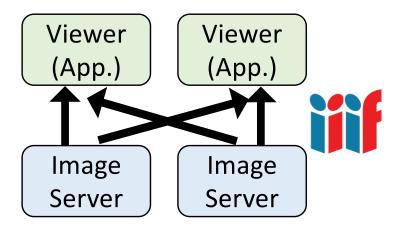
IIIF (International Image Interoperability Framework)

defines a set of APIs that provide a standardized way of delivering images and structural metadata over the web.









Data on image servers can be used only by specific applications

Data on image servers can be used by different applications over institutions

Kyoto University Rare Materials Digital Archive









Would you become a contributor to our digitization projects?

In order to accelerate the digitization of our rare collections, Kyoto University Library Network has set up "Kyoto University Rare Materials Digital Archive Fund." Please refer to this site for detail.



Libraries providing digital images freely reusable increase

Digital images of materials held by the Main Library, Yoshida-South Library, the Graduate School of Economics and Faculty of Economics

Library, the libraries of the Graduate School of Science and Yukawa Institute for Theoretical Physics Library publicized on the Internet are freely

- Officially launched in December, 2017, supported by Kyoto University Open Access Promotion Project
- IIIF compliant
- 1,663,322 images of 20,564 titles (as of June 25, 2021)











.kyoto-u.ac.jp/en





One thousand eight hundred and fifty-one titles of rare materials, including 996 titles of Kawai Collection, Meiji Restoration Collection, Fujikawa Collection and Hiramatsu Collection, have been newly publicized in Kyoto University Rare Materials Digital Archive, in which a total of 5,570 titles are available as of today. Please refer to "News" for detail.

Digital images of the Main Library of Kyoto University freely reusable

Digital images of the materials held by the Main Library of Kyoto University publicized on the Internet are freely reusable starting December 1, 2017. No application or fee is required.

Please refer to "News" and "Guide for Content Reuse" for detail.





















Japan and the World on Maps

Department Libraries Holdings

Newly Digitized Materials

Exhibitions











Konoe Collection





Language: Support Japanese and English. We are adding English metadata.

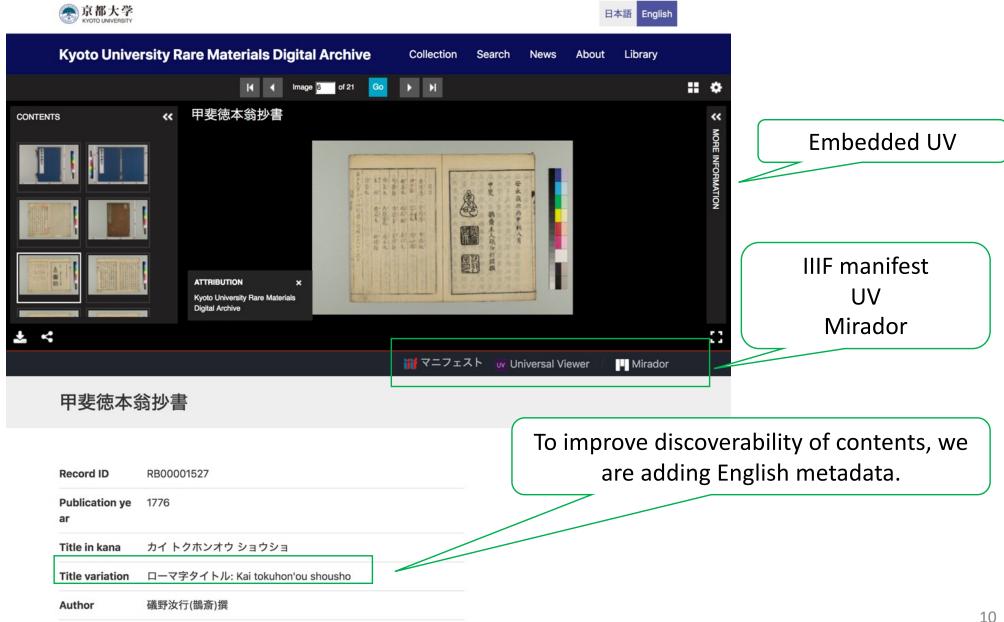
News

Pick Up: Several categories, in which important or/and popular rare materials are classified.

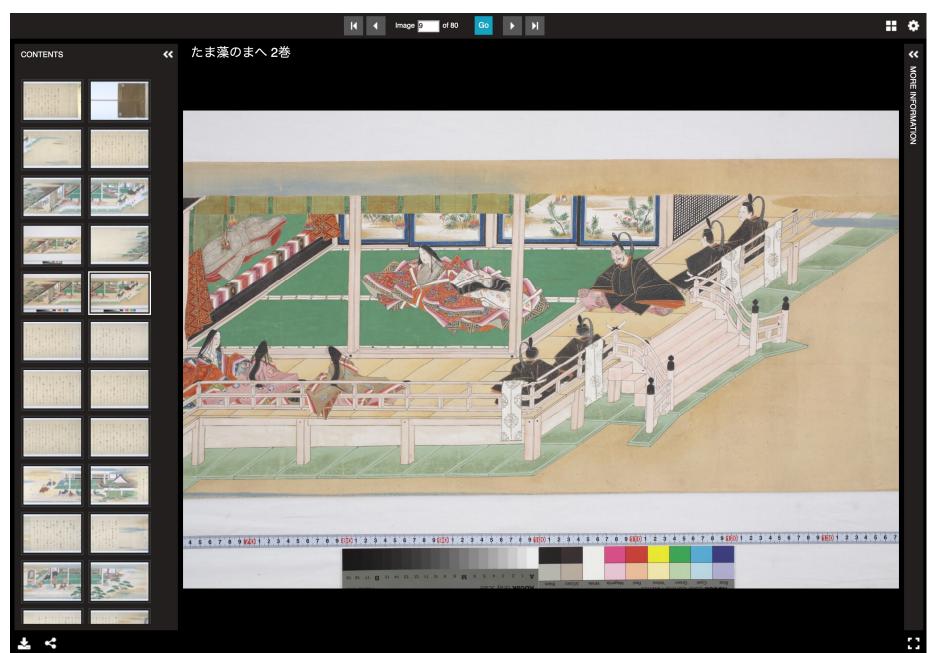
Collections: All collections in the digital archive. Some collections including many bibliographies have sub-collections.

Bibliography Information

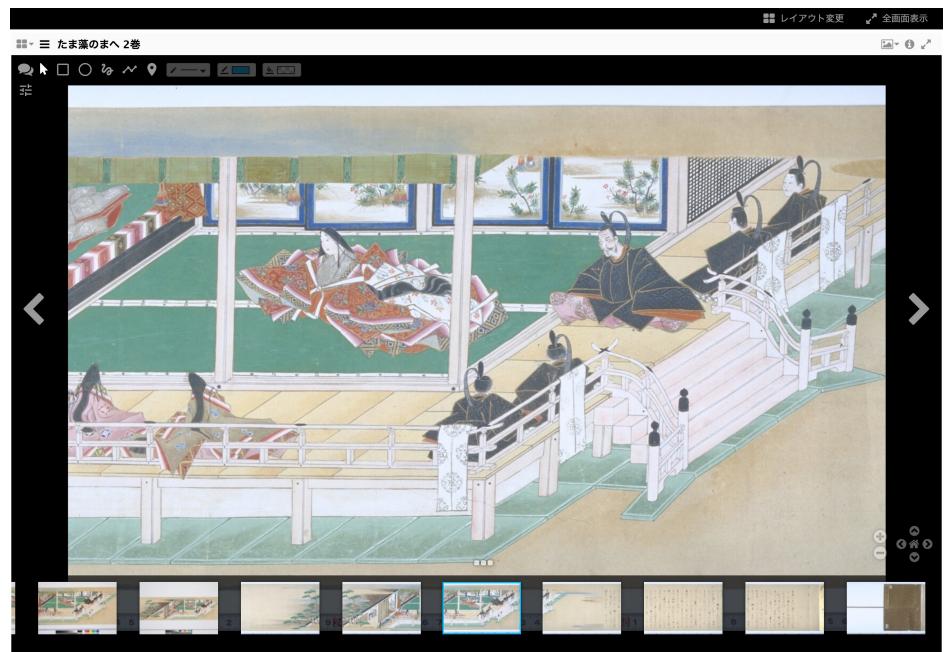
Num. of books 1



Universal Viewer



Mirador



System Configuration

visit website and get manifest.json

2. fetch images

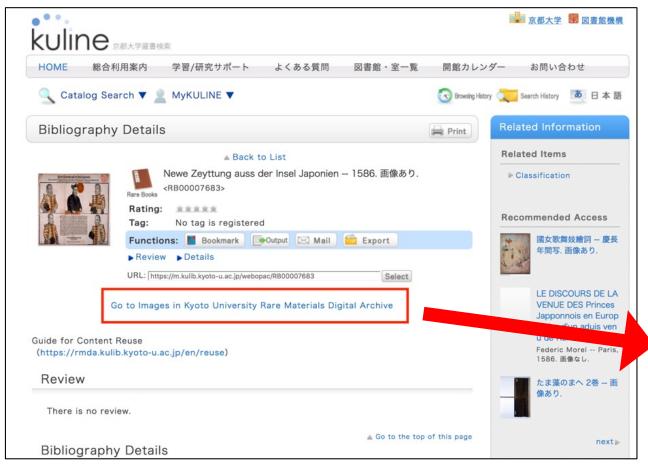
CMS (Drupal)

- Website design, Wireframe
- Metadata
- Viewer
- manifest.json generator Drupal™ (customized Drupal module)
- Search (Apache Solr)

Image Server (IIP Image Server)

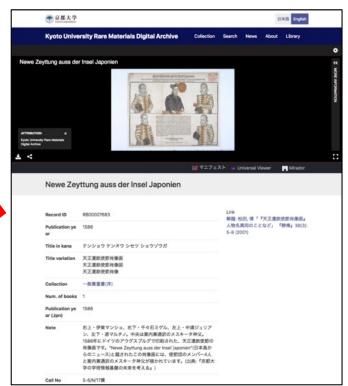
• Image files (tif)

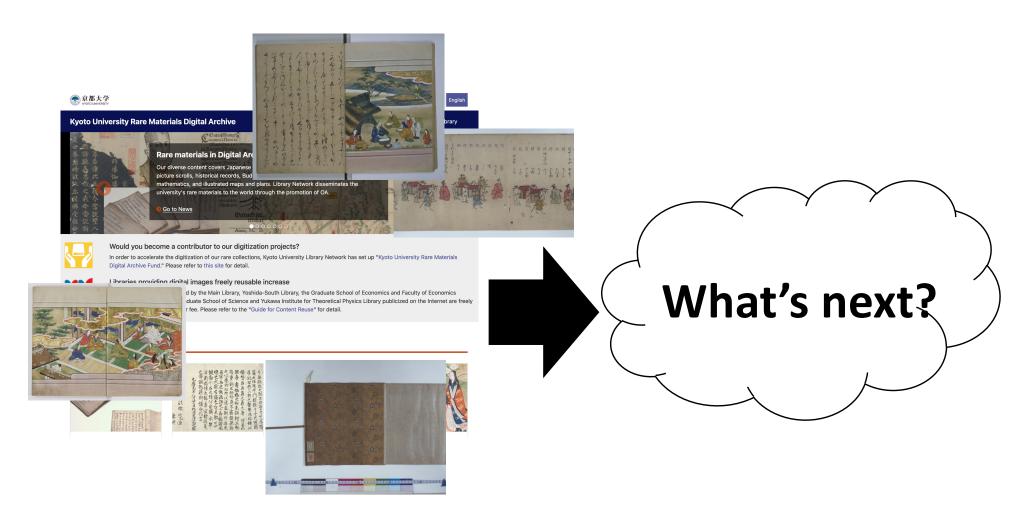
Links from OPAC to the Digital Arhicve



OPAC provides links to the digital archive.

- OPAC and the digital archive store the identical metadata.
- OPAC enables advanced search.





The rare materials are unlocked through IIIF...

II. Collaborations

Collaborations

Collaboration with institutions that hold rare materials

Objective: To improve discoverability and accessibility of rare materials

Digital Fujikawa –History of Medicine in Japan– (Keio University Media Center / the University of Tokyo)

Collaborations with research communities

Objective: To add values to rare materials

- > SAT Daizōkyō Database (SAT Daizōkyō Text Database Committee)
- > NIJL's Collectors' Seal Database (National Institute of Japanese Literature)
- ➤ Digitization project of the Kawai Collection (the Institute for Research in Humanities, Kyoto University / the Research Institute of Korean Studies, Korea University)
- ➤ Joint Project for the Tannnowa Collection (Kyoto University Museum / Kyoto University Graduate School of Letters / the Department of East Asian Studies of Princeton University)

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Fujikawa Collection and Motivation

Fujikawa Collection

- The collection is comprised of about 9,000 books formerly held by Dr. Yu Fujikawa (1865-1940)
- Books had been collected for his masterpiece "History of Medicine in Japan"

Books are separately stored in different institutions

→ Can we bring them to one place in digital space?



Launch of Digital Fujikawa

Collaboration with institutions that hold rare materials

Project: Digital Fujikawa –History of Medicine in Japan– by Kyoto Univ. Library Network and Keio Univ. Media Center

- ➤ **Objective I**: Contribute to the development of the research in the history of medicine in Japan by providing the comprehensive view of the Fujikawa Collection
- > Objective II: Provide a showcase of digital unification utilizing IIIF



In September 2018, we launched the beta version

https://www.kulib.kyoto-u.ac.jp/rdl/digital_fujikawa/en/index.html

Number of Books and Acknowledgement

- Number of books: 5,794 books (as of August, 2020)
 - Kyoto University: 4,711 books
 - Keio University: 911 books
 - The University of Tokyo: 172 books

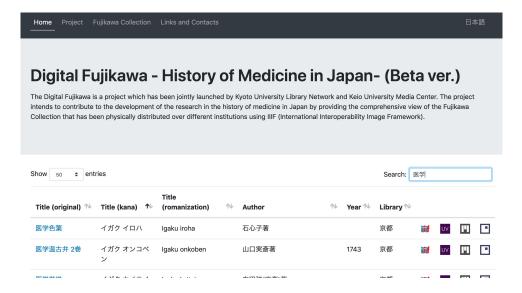
Books from the University of Tokyo are added in February, 2019

- Acknowledgement for digitization
 - 「京都大学附属図書館所蔵『富士川文庫』保存・公開のための 修復・電子化事業-わが国の医学の歴史を俯瞰する研究基盤構築のために-(機能強化経費)」by MEXT
 - "Project to Build an International Collaborative Research Network for Pre-modern Japanese Texts (NIJL-NW project)" led by the National Institute of Japanese Literature
 - Kyoto University Open Access Promotion Project
 - Keio University Media Center (ordinary expenses)

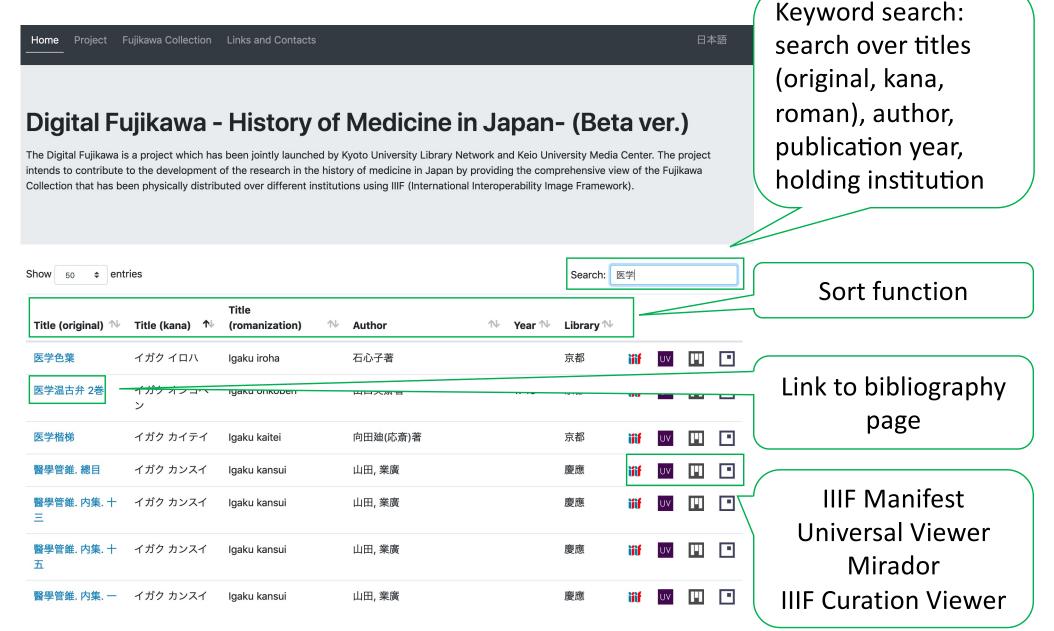
Implementation [1/3]

Lightweight implementation

- Since we can access to the server only via ftp, we do not use any software. Instead, we implement functionalities using JavaScript.
- We show title, author, publication year, and holding institution of books at each row of HTML table
- We add search function and sort function to HTML table using DataTables, a JQuery plugin



Implementation [2/3]



Implementation [3/3]

Integrated search portal shortens distance between books on digital space and makes such comparison easy.



Influence from Digitization

Number of appointments to physically access to each collection

| | FY2014 | | FY2015 | | FY2016 | | FY2017 | | FY2018 | |
|---|----------|-------|----------|-----|----------|-------|----------|-----|--------|-----|
| 1 | Kawai | 1,113 | Tanimura | 202 | Otsuka | 312 | Otsuka | 312 | Otsuka | 139 |
| 2 | Fujikawa | 284 | Fujikawa | 170 | Others | 142 | Others | 142 | Others | 70 |
| 3 | Others | 97 | Kawai | 131 | Fujikawa | 136 | Fujikawa | 136 | Zokyo | 34 |
| 4 | Tanimura | 64 | Nakai | 57 | Tanimura | 89 | Tanimura | 89 | Kawai | 28 |
| 5 | Kikutei | 52 | Others | 55 | Seike | 58 | Seike | 58 | | 22 |
| | total | 1812 | total | 903 | total | 1,088 | total | 903 | total | 363 |

The total number of appointments has decreased

The Fujikawa collection dropped out of the top five, due to its availability on the web (?)

Collaborations

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Reciprocal Links with the SAT Daizōkyō Database [1/3]

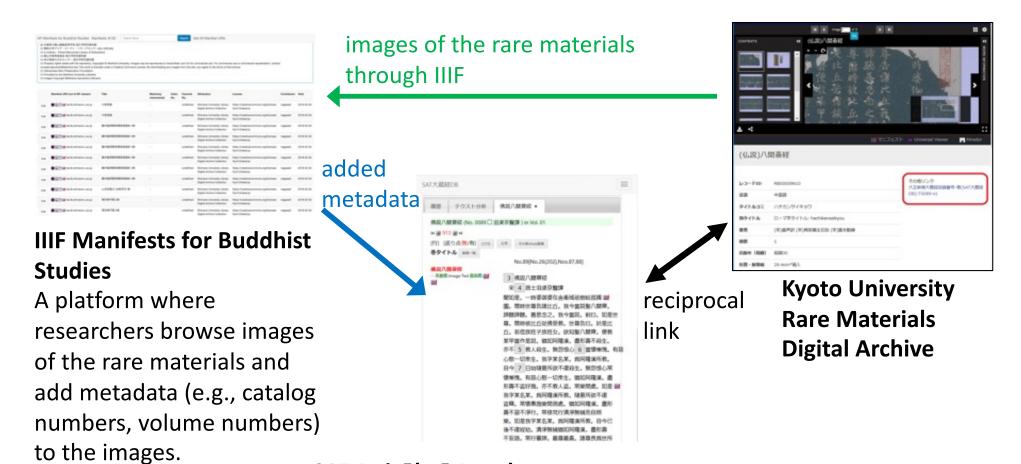
<u>Collaboration with a research community (i.e., the SAT Daizōkyō Text Database Committee)</u>

- > SAT Daizōkyō Database is a full text-search service for the texts of 85 volumes of the Taishō Shinshū Daizōkyō.
- ➤ The Taishō Shinshū Daizōkyō is a definitive edition of the Chinese Buddhist canon, including Japanese commentaries used by scholars.

Reciprocal links connect a bibliography page on the Kyoto University Rare Materials Digital Archive and the corresponding page on the SAT Daizōkyō Database. Users can see full texts on the SAT Daizōkyō Database.



Reciprocal Links with the SAT Daizōkyō Database [2/3]



SAT Daizōkyō Database

full text-search service for the texts of eighty-five volumes of the Taishō Shinshū Daizōkyō provided by the SAT Daizōkyō Text Database Committee

Reciprocal Links with the SAT Daizōkyō Database [3/3]

- This collaboration shows a pathway in which users provide added value (i.e., metadata including catalog numbers and volume numbers) to rare materials.
- Then, the added value is given back to institutions that made the digitized rare materials available.
- Thus, the distribution of the rare materials through IIIF brings benefits to both users and institutions that hold material.

永崎研宣, 下田正弘. オープン化が拓くデジタルアーカイブの高度利活用: IIIF Manifests for Buddhist Studiesの運用を通じて.人文科学とコンピュータシンポジウム, pp.389-394, 2018.

III. Evaluation

Evaluation

- Evaluation of a digital archive
 - To find better ways to digitize, publish, and share rare materials
 - Accountability for stakeholders
- Evaluation frameworks and guidelines
 - Europeana Impact Playbook
 - Guidelines for the Evaluation of Digital Scholarship in Historians

Common principle: Evaluation should be conducted in accordance with the objective of a digital archive

We will measure "to what extent rare materials available on the Kyoto University Rare Materials Digital Archive have been reflected in research"

Evaluation Strategies [1/2]

 We encourage users to share scholarly outcomes that use the rare materials.

"When using the Contents in academic publications, users are encouraged to donate physical copies of them to the libraries that hold the original materials. Please note the libraries may make the copies available for their users."

(https://rmda.kulib.kyoto-u.ac.jp/en/reuse)

- However, most users do not. We receive less than ten scholarly outcomes per year, but we know much more scholarly outcomes use the rare materials.
- Thus, we need an automatic procedure that identifies scholarly articles using the rare materials.

Evaluation Strategies [1/2]

How can we identify scholarly articles using the rare materials?

Strategy I: Usage statistics

- Identify the most accessed materials to understand trends of research
- Search scholarly records (e.g., journal articles, department bulletins) that mention the most accessed rare materials

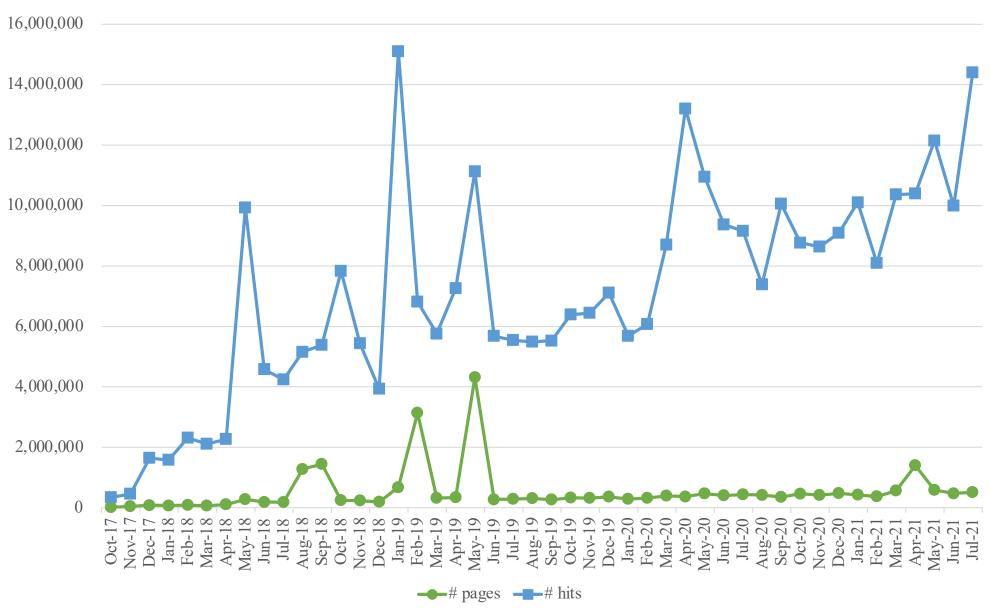
Strategy II: Retrieval of scholarly articles using API

Retrieve scholarly articles that mention a rare material using API

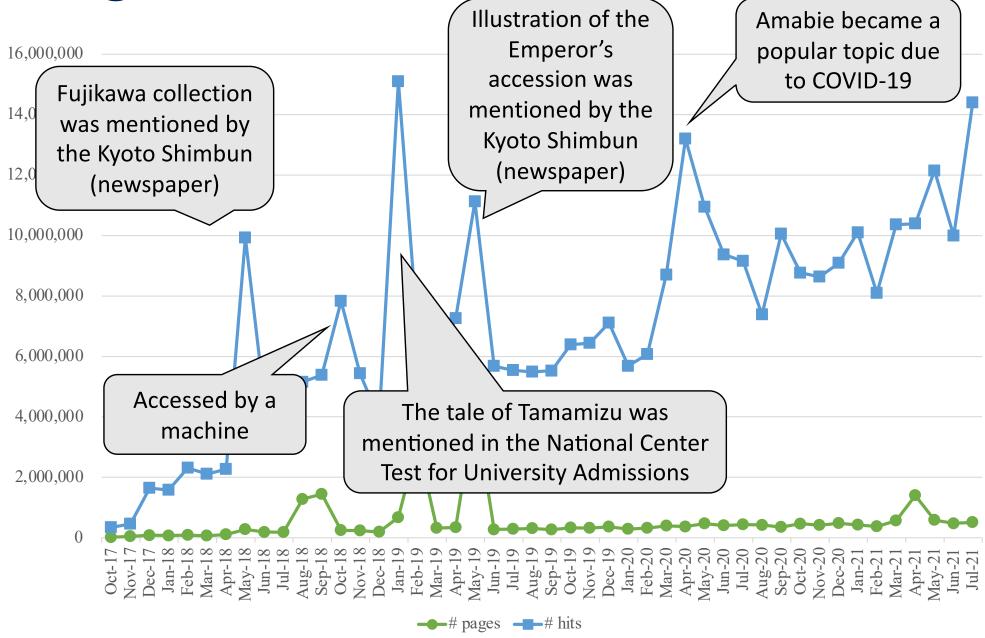
Usage Statistics

- Metrics
 - Number of pages: Accesses to HTML, PHP, and ASP files
 - Number of hits: Accesses to all files, including CSS, image, and JavaScript files that are requested as a result of loading a page

Usage Statistics: Result

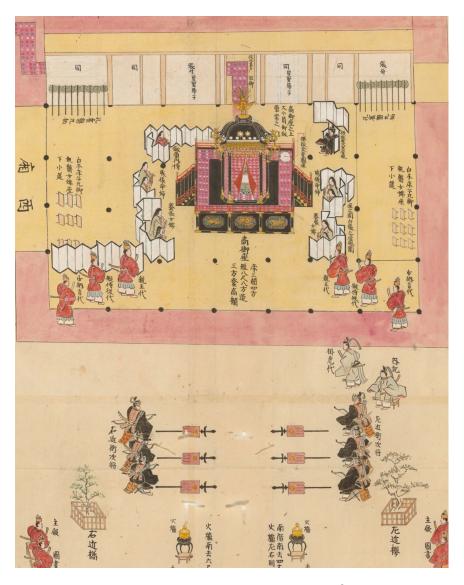


Usage Statistics: Result



Accession of the Emperor

- The rare materials included in the Nakai Collection illustrate plans regarding the accessions of Emperor Sakurammachi and Empress Gosakuramachi.
- The Emperor's Accession took place on May 1, 2019.
- The illustration represents
 Takamikura (Imperial throne)
 and attending courtiers, all of
 them so colorfully and finely
 depicted.



Amabie [1/2]

• Amabie is a legendary Japanese mermaid or merman [...], who allegedly emerges from the sea, prophesies either an abundant harvest or an epidemic, and instructed people to make copies of its likeness to defend against illness.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amabie



Photograph courtesy of the Main Library, Kyoto University – Amabie https://rmda.kulib.kyoto-u.ac.jp/item/rb00000122

Amabie [2/2]

- During the COVID-19 pandemic in Japan, Amabie got popular.
- Many artists published their illustrations of Amabie on social networks.

FROM JAPAN, A MASCOT FOR THE PANDEMIC



C ometimes it seems as if Japan's human population is O outnumbered by cute characters. A few, such as Hello Kitty and Pikachu, have achieved international superstardom. But many more quietly populate the daily lives of citizens. Illustrated signs that feature choruses of anthropomorphic garbage exhort citizens not to litter; super-cute drawings of tsunamis warn residents away from dangerous shorelines. In drugstores, grinning enemas helpfully guide those in gastrointestinal distress to the proper medicine. Every prefecture has its own furry-costumed cheerleader, usually a whimsical personification of a regional dish or tourist attraction. Even Japan's military, the Self-Defense Forces, has a great many of them—deployed for the purposes of civilian outreach. And then there is the national Quarantine Information Office, which advises on customs procedures. In late 2019, with eerie timing, it debuted Quaran, which must be the world's first official quarantine mascot.

So it makes sense that, amid troubling times, Japanese have turned to a character for solace. The twist is that this particular one dates back to the nineteenth century. Its name is Amabié. It was first documented in an early form of newspaper known as a



https://www. newyorker.co m/culture/cul turalcomment/fro m-japan-amascot-forthe-pandemic



A poster advising to stop the spread of COVID-19 by Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare

Usage Statistics: Conclusion

- We observed several spikes in the figure. They are caused by media such as a newspaper or tweets.
- Thus, usage statistics reflect societal impacts of the rare materials to some degree.
- However, it is difficult to see trends of research and to what extent the rare materials are used in scholarly outputs.

Retrieval of Scholarly Articles Using API [1/2]

- We retrieve scholarly articles that mention the rare materials using CiNii Articles API (i.e., CiNii Articles Open Search for Full Text).
 - CiNii Articles is a database that indices scholarly articles published in Japan.
 - We set queries as follows:
 [title of a material] + [space] + "Kyoto University Library" (in Japanese)
 (example) "The tale of Tamamizu Kyoto University Library" (玉水物語 京都大学附属図書館)

We got <u>a lot of false positives</u> (i.e., scholarly articles that are identified as mentioning a rare material but actually do not). Therefore, <u>it is difficult to identify scholarly articles that use a rare material automatically only using CiNii Articles API.</u>

Retrieval of Scholarly Articles Using API [2/2]

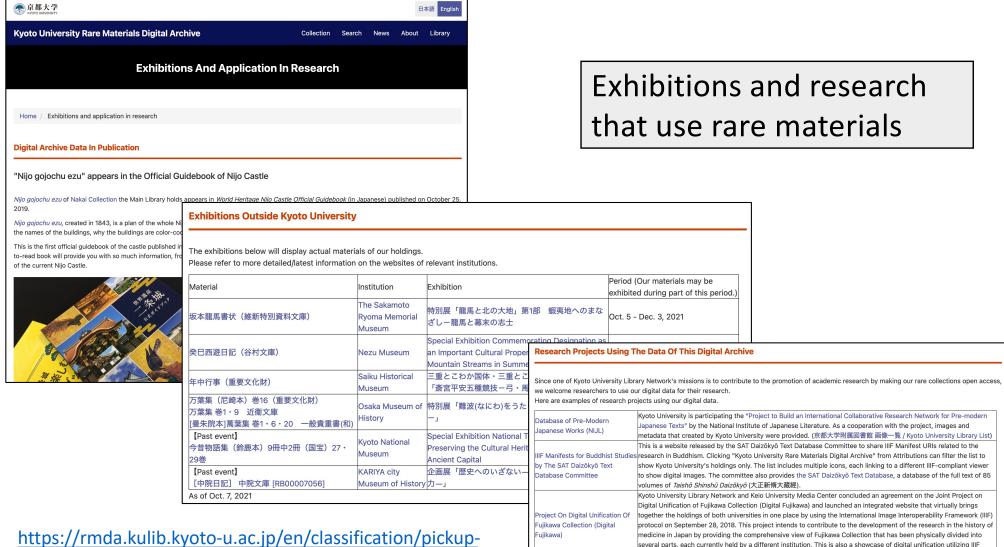
- Another challenge...
 - Usage statistics revealed that 40% of hits come from foreign countries such as China and the United States. This indicates the rare materials are possibly mentioned in scholarly articles in foreign countries.
 - Thus, we need to investigate an automatic procedure for scholarly articles in English and other languages.



Importance of Understanding Scholarly Usage

- The two strategies could not capture scholarly outputs that use a rare material well.
- Understanding scholarly usage of a rare material is important not only for the evaluation of digital archives but also for supporting research, because information regarding related works of rare materials and how they are used will assist researchers. It allows researchers to see what research has been conducted so far on a rare material.

Presenting Use Cases



Collection of Facial Expressions.

Collectors' Seal Database (NIJL)

database

Center for Open Data in the

Collection of Facial Expressions by CODH is the project to gather clippings of facial expressions from art works in order

to utilize them for the research in history of art, especially artistic styles. Facial expression is one of the most important

The database has accumulated images of collectors' seals and their information, which users can search by what is inscribed on the seal, the number of characters, the placement of each character, the number of lines, where the text is

broken in lines, etc. Seals collected from Tanimura Collection held by Kyoto University Library are also included in the

research objects, because their styles tend to show characteristics of artists or their studios. Comparing facial expression clippings from art works across the world, mainly Japanese picture scrolls, enables identifying the artists or

studios that created the art works and finding the influence on each other.

https://rmda.kulib.kyoto-u.ac.jp/en/classification/pickupexhibit

Towards Revealing Scholarly Usage

We need a framework that instructs how to cite a rare material and extract citations

- Promote open access of different scholarly resources in the field of the humanities
 - Many scholarly articles in the humanities remain in print and are not available online. In this case, it is difficult to detect citations.
 - Scholarly resources other than articles should be made available online. Researchers in the humanities produce scholarly outputs in various forms, including monographs.
- Citations among different types of scholarly resources should be made available in line with an international standard such as the one defined by the Initiative for Open Citations (I4OC) for broad distribution.

Summary

Kyoto University Rare Materials Digital Archive

supported by Kyoto University Open Access Promotion Project to enhance resources for research in humanities by digitizing our rare materials and making them open access

- IIIF-compatible implementation
- Collaborations
 - Digital Fujikawa
 - Reciprocal links with the SAT Daizōkyō Database
- Evaluation
 - Usage statistics reflect societal impacts of rare materials
 - Challenge: How can we capture scholarly outputs that use rare materials?

We would like to facilitate distribution of scholarly resources including rare materials through IIIF and other standards

Acknowledgement

- Institutions and research communities that work with us
- Kyoto University Open Access Promotion Project
- Kyoto University Library Network

Thank you!

