

$E_6$  型 Weyl group の Springer 表現

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## 3.1. 序論

複素代数群の表現論に於ける、Springer 表現が重要な意味を持つ、2.12. 2.2. 2.3. 2.4. 2.5. Springer 表現の Lusztig's approach 2.6.3 (Lusztig - Spaltenstein; 3.5) (Carter - Springer; 1.4) の一般化) を紹介する。それを促すと、初等的考察により、 $E_6$  型の Springer 表現が如何程度決定される。(著者修士論文)

## 3.2. Induced unipotent classes

8月 p. 22, p. 8 + 分大 2.3.

 $G$  con. reductive alg. gr. defined over  $\mathbb{F}_q$  $B$  Borel subgroup $T$  max. torus $W$  Weyl group of  $T$  in  $G$

$P$  parabolic subgr., s.t.  $P \supset B$

$P = L \cup P_u$  Levi decomposition

$P_u$  unipotent radical of  $P$

$L$  Levi subgr. defined over  $\mathbb{F}_q$ , s.t.  $L \supset T$

$W'$  Weyl group of  $T$  in  $L$

以下固定  $T, \mathfrak{g}, \mathfrak{B}$ ,  $\mathfrak{C} = \mathfrak{C}' \cup \mathfrak{C}''$ ,

$C'$  unipotent class of  $L$

$\mathfrak{C} = \mathfrak{C}' \cup \mathfrak{C}''$ ,

$\exists! C$  unipotent class of  $G$

s.t.  $C \cap C' P_u$  is dense in  $C' P_u$

$\mathfrak{C} = \mathfrak{C}' \cup \mathfrak{C}''$ ,  $C$  is induced by  $C' \times \mathfrak{C}''$ .

$v \in C, u \in C' \cup \mathfrak{C}'$ ,  $v$  is induced by  $u \in \mathfrak{C}''$ .

Rem.  $C \cap P \cap \mathfrak{C}'' = \emptyset$   $\Leftrightarrow \mathfrak{C}'' \subset \mathfrak{C}$ .

Prop (2.1)

$v$  is induced by  $u \in \mathfrak{C}'$   $\beta^L(u) = \beta^G(v)$ .

但  $\mathfrak{B}_v^G = \{gB \mid g \in G, v \in gBg^{-1}\}$

$\beta^G(v) = \dim \mathfrak{B}_v^G$

$\mathfrak{C} = \mathfrak{C}' \cup \mathfrak{C}''$ .

$\mathfrak{C} = \mathfrak{C}' \cup \mathfrak{C}''$ ,  $i : \mathfrak{B}_v^G \rightarrow \mathfrak{B} = G/B$  inclusion

$\mathfrak{C} = \mathfrak{C}' \cup \mathfrak{C}''$ ,

Theorem (2.3) [H.-S.; I.1]

$$c^*: H^*(G/B, \bar{\Omega}_e) \rightarrow H^*(B_u^G, \bar{\Omega}_e)$$

1) Springer modules & 2)  $W$ -equivariant.

$\epsilon \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,

$$\Omega_m(c^*) \subset H^*(B_u^G)^{C(u)}$$

$$\text{但 } c, C(u) = Z_G(u)/Z_G(u)^\circ$$

$$c^{2e} \text{ non zero } \text{ 但 } c, e = \beta^G(u),$$

EP5,

$$c^{2e}: H^{2e}(G/B) \rightarrow H^{2e}(B_u^G)^{C(u)}$$

1) surjective  $W$ -equivariant.

$= z \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,

$$V = \text{Hom}(F_g^*, T) \otimes D$$

$$P(V) = \text{Symmetric alg. of } \text{Hom}(V, D)$$

$I = \langle W\text{-invariant polynomial in } P(V)$   
vanishing at 0 >

$\cong T \oplus \mathbb{Z}$ ,

Prop (2.4)

$$P(V)/I \cong H^*(G/B) \otimes E_W \text{ as } W\text{-modules.}$$

$\Rightarrow 1, W \cong W' \cap \text{固定} \in \mathfrak{I}_{2+3}.$

$$V = V' \oplus V^{W'} \quad W'\text{-stable decomposition}$$

$$V^{W'} = \{W'\text{-invariant vector in } V\}$$

$\pi: V \rightarrow V'$  canonical projection

$\pi^*: \mathcal{P}(V') \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(V)$  injection

§ 7.3.  $E_1 \in \hat{W}'$  (= § 7.2,

Def (2.5)  $E_1$  has  $(\tilde{B})$  on  $\mathcal{P}(V')$

$$\Leftrightarrow \langle E_1, P_i(V') \rangle = \begin{cases} 1 & (i = a_{E_1}) \\ 0 & (i < a_{E_1}) \end{cases}.$$

$\pi^*(E_1) \in \mathcal{P}_a(E_1)(V) \cap W$ -submodule

$\exists E = j_{W'}^W(E_1) \in$  § 7.3.  $E_1 \in$  § 7.2, (2.5) と同様の定義 § 7.3.

Prop (2.6)  $E_1$  has  $(\tilde{B})$  on  $\mathcal{P}(V')$  § 7.3.

$$(i) a_{E_1} = a_E$$

(ii)  $E$  has  $(\tilde{B})$  on  $\mathcal{P}(V)$ ,  $\forall i = E$  1-line.

次に,

$I' = \langle W'$ -invariant polynomial in  $\mathcal{P}(V)$   
vanishing at 0

§ 7.3 2,

$$\mathcal{P}(V') \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(V)/I'$$

is surjective  $W'$ -equivariant § 7.3 2

Prop (2.7)

$$\mathcal{P}(V)/I' \cong H^*(L/L \cap B) \otimes \mathcal{E}_{W'}$$

is Springer modules § 7.2  $W'$ -equivariant.

$\exists z, v$  is induced by  $u \in T_3$ . (以下略す.)

(2.1), (2.4), (2.1)  $\Rightarrow$  2,

$W$ -modules  $H^{2e}(B_v^G)^{C(v)} \otimes \varepsilon_w \in P_u^G$

$W'$ -modules  $H^{2e}(B_u^L)^{C(u)} \otimes \varepsilon_w \in P_u^L$

$\in T_3$ . 但し,  $C(u) = Z_L(u)/Z_L(u)^\circ \in T_3$ .

Def (2.8)

$P_u^G$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $H^*(G/B) \otimes \varepsilon_w$

$$\Leftrightarrow \langle P_u^G, H^i(G/B) \otimes \varepsilon_w \rangle = \begin{cases} 1 & (i = P_u^G(v)) \\ 0 & (i \notin P_u^G(v)). \end{cases}$$

同様の定義  $\in P_u^L$  の  $\in T_3$ .

Rem  $P_u^G$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $H^*(G/B) \otimes \varepsilon_w$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $S(\mathcal{T})$ ,

$P_u^G$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $\mathcal{P}(V)$   $\Leftrightarrow$  3.

$\in T_2$ ,

$P_u^L$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $H^*(L/L \cap B) \otimes \varepsilon_w$   $\in T_3$  と

$\exists! E_i$ ,  $W'$ -submodule of  $\mathcal{P}_e(V')$

s.t.  $E_i \cong P_u^L$

$E_i$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $\mathcal{P}(V')$

従,  $\mathcal{Z}_{E_i}(z) = P_u^L(v)$ .

Theorem (2.9) [L.-S.; 3.5]

$v$  is induced by  $u \in T_3$ .

$\rho_u^L$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $H^*(G/G \cap B) \otimes \mathbb{E}_W$ ;  $S(\mathbb{F})$ ,

$E = j_{W'}^W(E_1) \sim \rho_v^G$  as  $W$ -modules.

従って,  $G_E = G_{E_1} = \beta^L(u) = \beta^G(v)$  (Prop(2.6)(i))

$E$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $P(V)$  (Prop(2.6)(ii))

よって,  $\rho_v^G$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $H^*(G/G \cap B) \otimes \mathbb{E}_W$ .

Conjecture (B) (Lusztig, Shoji)

$T \cong 2 \times$  unipotent elt  $v \in G \cap \mathbb{Z}$  かつ  $v \in$

$\rho_v^G$  has  $(\widehat{B})$  on  $H^*(G/G \cap B) \otimes \mathbb{E}_W$  ?

### §3. 補足

具体的な計算の仕方は著者の修論を見て下さい。

最後になりましたが、著者に発表の機会を頂きましたので、  
岩畠先生、及びに法外了時間起遅にもかかわらず商いを下さ  
った御出席の方々に感謝致します。

$W(E_6) \cap \text{Springer 周現}$ 

0	$1_p'$	$D_5$	$20_p$
$A_1$	$6_p'^{**}$	$E_6(a_1)$	$6_p$
$2A_1$	$20_p'$	$E_6$	$2_p$
$3A_1$	$15_g'^{**}$		
$A_2$	$30_p'$	<u>Rem</u> $\Rightarrow$ 120 定理の証明.	
$A_2 + A_1$	$64_p'$		
$A_2 + 2A_1$	$60_p'^{**}$		
$2A_2$	$24_p'$		
$2A_2 + A_1$	$10_s^{**}$		
$A_3$	$81_p'$		
$A_3 + A_1$	$60_s$		
$D_4(a_1)$	$80_s$		
$A_4$	$81_p'$		
$A_4 + A_1$	$60_p$		
$D_4$	$24_p$		
$D_5(a_1)$	$64_p$		
$A_5$	$15_g$		
$A_5 + A_1$	$30_p$		

## References:

- [Hotta - Springer] "A specialization theorem for certain Weyl group representations and an application to the Green polynomials of unitary groups" *Invent. math.*, 41 (1977), 113 - 127
- [Lusztig - Spaltenstein] "Induced unipotent classes" *J. London Math. Soc.* (2), 19 (1979), 41 - 52
- [Murakami] "E<sub>6</sub> Weyl groups" Springer 球論 十三文修士語文