BIOLINGUISTIC MINIMALISM AND LANGUAGE EVOLUTION

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"... AN EVOLUTIONARY NOVELTY MAY RESULT FROM THE COMBINATION OF TWO PRE-EXISTING PARTS WITH UNRELATED FUNCTIONS."

- M. RIDLEY

2

"EVOLUTION HAS RECRUITED FOR LANGUAGE PURPOSES BRAIN STRUCTURES THAT PERFORMED OTHER FUNCTIONS IN NON-HUMAN PRIMATES."

-T. W. DEACON

"Language can be viewed as a new machine that evolved initially in the service of completely different functions."

- E. BATES

3

ORIGINAL FUNCTION VS. CURRENT UTILITY

- Language as a tool for communication is an exaptation of language for thought.
- 'CURRENT LANGUAGE WITH SOME FUNCTION' IS AN EXAPTATION OF 'ORIGINAL LANGUAGE WITH NO FUNCTION.'

- THE FUNCTIONS OF THE COMPONENTS THAT JOINTLY CONSTITUTED THE LANGUAGE FACULTY LATER IN THE HOMININ EVOLUTION MAY HAVE HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE CURRENT OR ORIGINAL FUNCTION(S) OF LANGUAGE.
- ANIMAL COMMUNICATION MAY HAVE ONLY AN INDIRECT BEARING ON LANGUAGE EVOLUTION.

ORGANIZATION

■ PART I: CONCEPTUAL ISSUES

■ PART II: RECURSION IN MINIMALIST SYNTAX

■ PART III: TOWARDS A COMPARATIVE STUDY

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Part I

CONCEPTUAL ISSUES

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BIOLINGUISTICS:

- Naturalization (or biologization) of human language faculty
 - BIOSYNTAX
 - BIOSEMANTICS, ETC.



- MINIMIZATION OF UG BY REDUCTION TO NATURAL LAWS ("THE THIRD FACTOR").
- PERFECTION, OPTIMALITY, ECONOMY, SIMPLICITY, AND ELEGANCE IN NATURE AND LANGUAGE (AS A NATURAL OBJECT)
- METHODOLOGICAL NATURALISM
- STRONG MINIMALIST THESIS

Wiring optimization can relate neuronal structure and function

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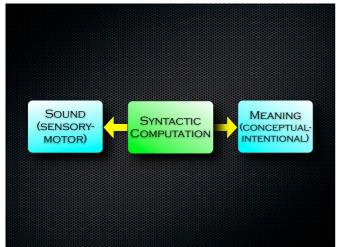
Edited by Charles F. Stevens, Salk Institute for Biological Studies, La Jolla, CA, and approved January 26, 2006 (received for review August 8, 2005)

View prose the hypothesis than accomand placement in an approved lansuay 7a, 2005 (records for review August 2, 2005)

We prose the hypothesis than accomand placement and ammand diagram and powerful placement algorithms borrowed from comparing the properties of the control and contraints, as specified by synapsic connectivity. Using a newly compiled version of the Centrol Audition (agents working diagram, we solve for the open and unconnected neurons excluded) of the hermaphrodic worm, whose learned algorithms and unconnected neurons excluded of the hermaphrodic worm, whose learned algorithms are considered and unconnected and unconnected and unconnected flow body. Service configing, and unconnected does to their extend positions, suggested that wirring minimization is an important factor. Yet some neurons seek losted does to their extend positions, suggested that wirring minimization is an important factor. Yet some neurons seek losted and found to be largely reproducible from animal to instance, and the worm is > 100 times greater than its disancter, allowing us to reduce the problem into one dimension. By minimizing the cost of connecting the nervous system, our selective proposition from confirmations. By minimizing the cost of connecting the nervous system, our confirmations are suggested that the proposition of the accordance of the proposition of the mentance of the mentance of the accordance of the proposition of the accordance of the extending sound with a connecting the neutron observed or the extending sound with accordance and command of the description of the extending sound with accordance and connecting the accordance and command of the extending sound with accordance and unconnected neutrons excluded of the hermaphrodic worm when the unconnected neutrons excluded of the hermaphrodic worm of the control and unconnected neutrons excluded of the he

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"THE PHYSICIST'S PROBLEM IS THE PROBLEM OF ULTIMATE ORIGINS AND ULTIMATE NATURAL LAWS. THE BIOLOGIST'S PROBLEM IS THE PROBLEM OF COMPLEXITY."

"THE BIOLOGIST TRIES TO EXPLAIN THE WORKINGS, AND THE COMING INTO EXISTENCE, OF COMPLEX THINGS, IN TERMS OF SIMPLER THINGS. HE CAN REGARD HIS TASK AS DONE WHEN HE HAS ARRIVED AT ENTITIES SO SIMPLE THAT THEY CAN SAFELY BE HANDED OVER TO PHYSICISTS."

- R. DAWKINS

BIOLINGUISTIC MINIMALISM

... TRIES TO EXPLAIN THE DESIGN,

DEVELOPMENT AND EVOLUTION OF HUMAN
LANGUAGE IN TERMS OF THINGS SIMPLE
ENOUGH TO BE HANDED OVER TO PHYSICS.

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"THE PRESUMPTION OF PERFECTION IN LANGUAGE SEEMS UNWARRANTED AND IMPLAUSIBLE"

- A. KINSELLA & G. MARCUS

"EVOLUTION IS OFTEN MORE ABOUT ALIGHTING ON SOMETHING THAT HAPPENS TO WORK THAN WHAT MIGHT IN PRINCIPLE WORK BEST OR MOST ELEGANTLY; IT WOULD BE SURPRISING IF LANGUAGE, AMONG EVOLUTION'S MOST RECENT INNOVATIONS, WAS ANY DIFFERENT."

- G. MARCUS

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"YOUR THEORY OF LANGUAGE EVOLUTION DEPENDS ON YOUR THEORY OF LANGUAGE"

- R. JACKENDOFF

... AND ON YOUR THEORY OF BIOLOGICAL EVOLUTION, TOO.

FURTHERMORE, YOUR THEORY OF LANGUAGE DEPENDS ON YOUR THEORY OF LANGUAGE EVOLUTION AND BIOLOGICAL EVOLUTION.

- Language evolution is an instance of BIOLOGICAL EVOLUTION.
- IF YOUR THEORY OF BIOLOGICAL EVOLUTION DOES NOT EXPLAIN LANGUAGE EVOLUTION, THEN IT NEEDS A SERIOUS RECONSIDERATION.

- LOGICAL PROBLEM OF LANGUAGE ACQUISITION (PLATO'S PROBLEM)
- EXPLANATORY ADEQUACY
- LOGICAL PROBLEM OF LANGUAGE EVOLUTION (DARWIN'S PROBLEM)
- EVOLUTIONARY ADEQUACY

- Modern Synthesis (Neo-Darwinism)
 - HESIS EXPANDED SYNTHESIS (NEO-NEO-DARWINISM)
- ADAPTATIONIST
- NATURAL SELECTION AS THE FIRST RESORT
- GRADUALIST
- FUNCTIONALIST
- GENETIC DETERMINISM
- Non-adaptationist
- NS as the Last Resort
- Punctuated Equilibrium (saltationist)
- FORMALIST
- · EPIGENETIC VIEW
- LANGUAGE AS A SPANDREL

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AGAINST HYPER-SELECTIONISM (ULTRA-DARWINISM)

"NATURAL SELECTION CAN ONLY FUNCTION WITHIN A 'CHANNEL' OF OPTIONS AFFORDED BY NATURAL LAW ..."

"... THE WHOLE PROCESS OF EVOLUTION IS SHAPED BY PHYSICAL PROCESSES ..., YIELDING MANY PROPERTIES THAT ARE CASUALLY ATTRIBUTED TO SELECTION."

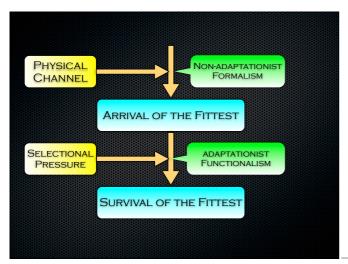
"DARWIN ... TAKING EXPLICIT NOTE OF A RANGE OF POSSIBILITIES, INCLUDING NON-ADAPTIVE MODIFICATIONS AND UNSELECTED FUNCTIONS DETERMINED FROM STRUCTURE ..."

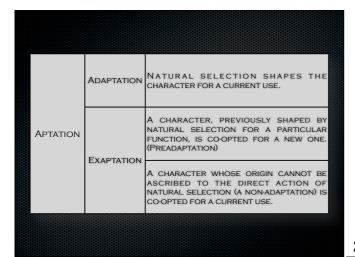
- N. CHOMSKY

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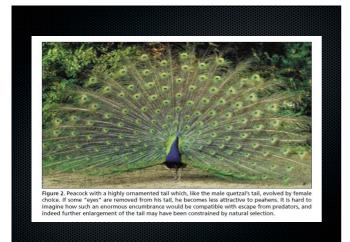
"SUPPOSE THAT SOME ANCESTOR, PERHAPS ABOUT 60,000 YEARS AGO, UNDERWENT A SLIGHT MUTATION REWIRING THE BRAIN, YIELDING MERGE. THEN HE OR SHE WOULD AT ONCE HAVE HAD AVAILABLE AN INFINITE ARRAY OF STRUCTURED EXPRESSIONS FOR USE IN THOUGHT (PLANNING, INTERPRETATION, ETC.), GAINING SELECTIONAL ADVANTAGES TRANSMITTED TO OFFSPRING, CAPACITIES THAT CAME TO DOMINATE, YIELDING THE DRAMATIC AND RATHER SUDDEN CHANGES FOUND IN THE ARCHEOLOGICAL RECORD."

- N. CHOMSKY





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■ D'ARCY THOMPSON:

PHYSICAL CONSTRAINTS ON GROWTH AND FORM, MORPHOLOGICAL TRANSFORMATION

ALAN TURING:

CHEMICAL BASIS OF MORPHOGENESIS REACTION-DIFFUSION MODEL

C. WADDINGTON:

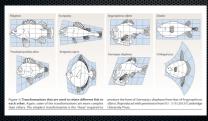
CANALIZATION, GENETIC ASSIMILATION

S. KAUFFMAN:

SELF-ORGANIZATION, AUTO-EVOLUTION

"WE WANT TO SEE HOW ... THE FORMS OF LIVING THINGS, AND OF THE PARTS OF LIVING THINGS, CAN BE EXPLAINED BY PHYSICAL CONSIDERATIONS, AND TO REALISE THAT IN GENERAL NO ORGANIC FORMS EXIST SAVE SUCH AS ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH PHYSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL LAWS."

- D'ARCY W. THOMPSON



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CANALIZATION

- "DEVELOPMENT IS ROBUST TO CHANGES IN GENOTYPE AND ENVIRONMENT"
 - M. L. SIEGAL & A. BERGMA. WADDINGTON'S CANALIZATION REVISITED: DEVELOPMENTAL STABILITY AND EVOLUTION.
- "INDIVIDUALS ARE SOMEHOW BUFFERED, OR CANALIZED, AGAINST GENETIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL VARIATION."
 - J. E. Niven, Channelling evolution canalization and the nervous system.

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Evo-Devo

- "A MAJOR RESEARCH PROGRAMME WHOSE FINDINGS PUT INTO QUESTION SOME CONCEPTS LYING AT THE CORE OF THE SYNTHETIC THEORY"
- "A 'REVOLUTION' IN BIOLOGY, ONE IN WHICH THE EXISTING GENETIC DETERMINISM WILL GIVE WAY TO A NEW CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING OF THE COMPLEXITY OF LIVING ORGANISMS"
- "FOCUSED ON HOW CHANGES IN DEVELOPMENT BRING ABOUT EVOLUTIONARY CHANGES"
 - -S. URDY & R. CHIRAT. SNAIL SHELL COILING (RE-)EVOLUTION.

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- BIOLINGUISTIC MINIMALISM SEEKS A TELEOMATIC EXPLANATION OF THE LANGUAGE DESIGN.
- APPARENT GOAL-DIRECTEDNESS:
- TELEOLOGY
- TELEONOMY
- TELEOMATICITY



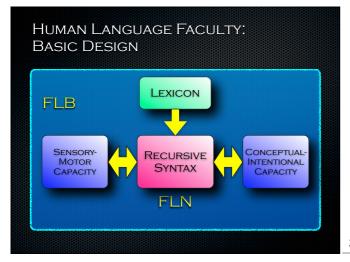
"LANGUAGE IS LIKE A SNOWFLAKE."

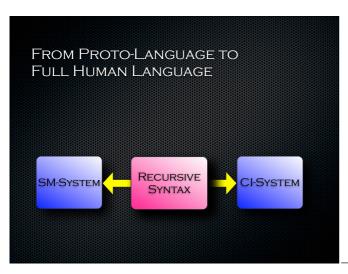


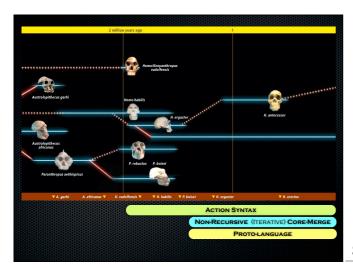
- LANGUAGE EVOLUTION WORKS AS A USEFUL TOOL FOR EVALUATING ONE'S VIEW OF BIOLOGICAL EVOLUTION IN GENERAL.
- BIOLINGUISTIC MINIMALISM ADOPTS THE NEW PARADIGM OF EXPANDED SYNTHESIS AND EVO-DEVO.

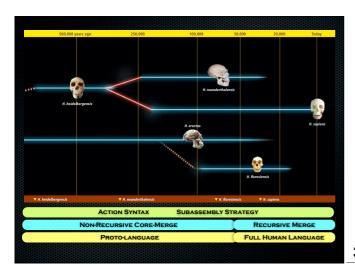


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- "A KEY COMPONENT OF FLN IS A COMPUTATIONAL SYSTEM (NARROW SYNTAX) THAT GENERATES INTERNAL REPRESENTATIONS AND MAPS THEM INTO THE SENSORY-MOTOR INTERFACE ... AND INTO THE CONCEPTUAL-INTENTIONAL INTERFACE."
- "FLN COMPRISES ONLY THE CORE COMPUTATIONAL MECHANISMS OF RECURSION AS THEY APPEAR IN NARROW SYNTAX AND THE MAPPINGS TO THE INTERFACES"
 - Hauser, Chomsky & Fitch

- APPARENTLY, FLN SHOULD INCLUDE:
 - RECURSIVE SYNTAX
 - RECURSIVE MAPPING TO THE INTERFACES
 - THE LEXICON
- CORE ISSUES OF LANGUAGE EVOLUTION BOIL DOWN TO THE ORIGINS OF THESE CAPACITIES.

- NO CLEAR EVIDENCE FOR LANGUAGES THAT DEMONSTRABLY LACK RECURSION
 - -B. HEINE & T. KUTEVA
- RECURSION IS ABSENT IN PIRAHÃ.

- D. EVERETT

 Many languages have no, or very circumscribed recursion in their syntax.

-N. Evans & S. Levinson

RECURSION IS JUST A THEORETICAL ARTIFACT.

- D. BICKERTON

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- SYNTACTIC RECURSION = RECURSIVE MERGE
 - REPRESENTATIONAL RECURSIVENESS: A CATEGORY APPEARS REPEATEDLY INSIDE A PHRASE OF THE SAME CATEGORY.
 - DERIVATIONAL RECURSIVENESS:
 THE ELEMENTARY COMBINATORIAL OPERATION MERGE APPLIES RECURSIVELY TO ITS OWN OUTPUT.

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- [JOHN [SAW MARY]].
 (DERIVATIONALLY RECURSIVE)
- (2) [BILL [THINKS [JOHN [SAW MARY]]]]. (REPRESENTATIONALLY RECURSIVE, TOO)

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PIRAHÃ: A LANGUAGE WITHOUT RECURSION?

(1) TI GÁI-SAI KÓ'OI HI KAHÁP-IÍ
I SAY-OLD.INFO KÓ'OI HE LEAVE-INTENTION
'I SAY. KÓ'OI WILL LEAVE.' (PARATAXIS)

D. L. EVERETT

"... THE SPEAKERS OF THIS LANGUAGE AREN'T MAKING USE OF A CAPACITY THAT THEY SURELY HAVE ..."

- N. CHOMSKY

"UNBOUNDED MERGE IS NOT ONLY A
GENETICALLY DETERMINED PROPERTY OF
LANGUAGE, BUT ALSO UNIQUE TO IT."

"FOR BOTH EVOLUTION AND DEVELOPMENT,
THERE SEEMS TO BE LITTLE REASON TO
SUPPOSE THAT THERE WERE PRECURSORS TO
UNBOUNDED MERGE."

- N. CHOMSKY

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■ CORE-MERGE: $(A, B) \rightarrow \{A, B\}$

A B

RECURSIVE MERGE: (C, {A, B}) → {C, {A, B}}



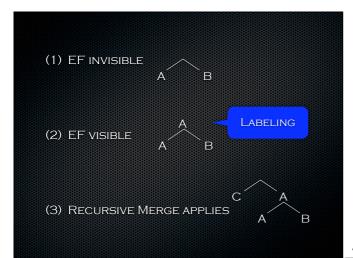
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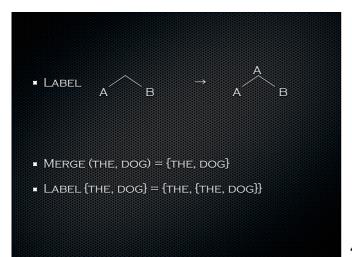
- MERGE IS TRIGGERED BY THE "EDGE FEATURE."
- ONLY LEXICAL ITEMS HAVE THE EF.
 (ONLY LEXICAL ITEMS CAN UNDERGO MERGE.)
- RECURSIVE MERGE IS POSSIBLE ONLY WHEN THE EF REMAINS VISIBLE TO THE COMPUTATIONAL SYSTEM.

... BUT HOW DID THE EF EVOLVE?

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 SUPPOSE IN A LANGUAGE C'S EF IS ALWAYS ERASED ONCE SATISFIED; THE LANGUAGE WILL HAVE NO CLAUSAL EMBEDDING - A SITUATION COMPATIBLE WITH THE PIRAHĀ FACTS.





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 CORE-MERGE + LABEL = RECURSIVE MERGE
 ONLY LABEL, NOT RECURSIVE MERGE, BELONGS TO FLN.
 CORE-MERGE IS NOT UNIQUE TO LANGUAGE.
 BUT HOW DID LABEL EVOLVE?

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N. FUKUI: LABEL = EMBED
 MERGE DEFINES A BASE SET {A, B} TO WHICH SUBSEQUENT OPERATIONS MAY APPLY.
 EMBED TAKES ONE MEMBER OF THIS BS (A) AND FORMS A UNION OF THIS MEMBER AND THE BS.
 EMBED (A, {A, B}) = A u {A, B} = {A, {A, B}}

- Label = Recursive Merge
 - MERGE (C, {A, B}) = {C, {A, B}}
 - Label (A, {A, B}) = {A, {B, C}}
- NO NEED TO SEEK THE ORIGIN OF LABEL INDEPENDENTLY OF MERGE.

■ TO THE EXTENT THAT MOVE = INTERNAL MERGE, LABEL IS A STRICTLY LOCAL VERSION OF MOVE.

MERGE $(C, \{A, B\}) = \{C, \{A, B\}\}:$

- (1) EXTERNAL MERGE, WHERE C IS EXTERNAL TO A AND B.
- (2) Internal Merge, where C is internal to A or B.
- (3) LABEL, WHERE C IS A OR B.

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- LABEL ALWAYS GIVES RISE TO ENDOCENTRICITY.
- BUT WHAT ABOUT EXOCENTRIC COMPOUNDS?
- (1) BIRU-NO TAKAFHIKUI-GA MONDAI DA.

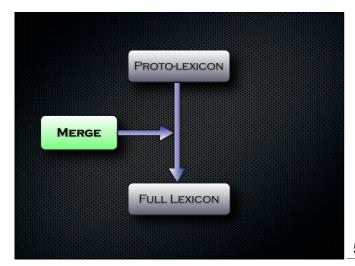
 BUILDING-GEN HIGH-LOW-NOM PROBLEM IS

 "THE HEIGHT OF THE BUILDING IS THE PROBLEM."

- ROOT COMPOUNDING
- EXOCENTRIC COMPOUNDS ARE IN FACT ENDOCENTRIC.



- EVOLUTION OF THE GENERATIVE LEXICON
- SYNTAX (RECURSIVE MERGE) GENERATES WORDS. (DISTRIBUTED MORPHOLOGY)
- LEXICAL CATEGORY = CATEGORIZER + ROOT
 - V + √ DESTROY = DESTROY
 - N + $\sqrt{$ DESTROY = DESTRUCTION, ETC.



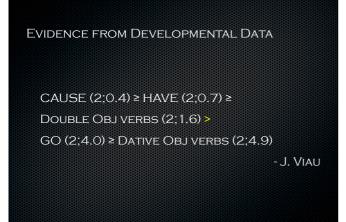
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- THE ISSUE OF WHETHER PROTO-LANGUAGE WAS HOLOPHRASTIC OR SYNTHETIC IS LARGELY IRRELEVANT.
- WORD-LIKE ELEMENTS OF PROTO-LANGUAGE (PROTO-WORDS) COULD EXIST IN THE ABSENCE OF SYNTAX, PROVIDING MATERIALS TO BE COMBINED LATER TO FORM FULL WORDS.

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SYNTACTIC NATURE OF 'LEXICAL' VERBS

- (1) A. JOHN GAVE MARY A BOOK.
 - B. [VP JOHN V [VP MARY V A BOOK]]
 - C. [JOHN CAUSE [MARY HAVE A BOOK]]
- (2) A. JOHN GAVE A BOOK TO MARY.
 - B. [VP JOHN V [VP A BOOK V TO MARY]]
 - C. [JOHN CAUSE [A BOOK GO-TO MARY]]



MERGE IN VERB ACQUISITION

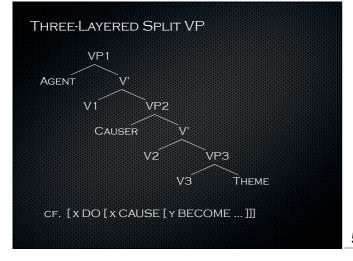
"NO VERB IS AN ISLAND."

"CHILDREN START TO USE MERGE ALREADY WITH THEIR VERY FIRST WORD COMBINATIONS."

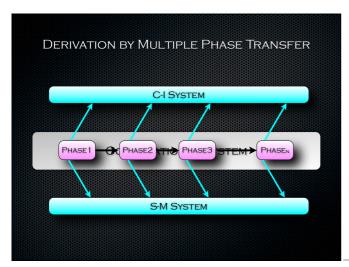
- A. NINIO

CHILDREN START TO USE MERGE ALREADY WITH THEIR VERY FIRST WORDS.

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- Mapping to the C-I interface becomes straightforward.
- "SYNTAX CARVES OUT LEXICAL AND PHRASAL SEMANTICS."
- THE EVOLUTION OF THE C-I INTERFACE AND THE LEXICON DEPENDS ON THE EVOLUTION OF RECURSIVE SYNTAX.



■ MERGE IS AT THE ROOT OF HUMAN INTELLIGENCE.

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- Core-Merge + Label = Recursive Merge
- Core-Merge + Recursion = Recursive Merge
- GIVEN THAT LABEL IS ALREADY AN INSTANCE OF RECURSIVE MERGE, WHERE DOES ITS RECURSIVENESS COME FROM? (EF IS NOT AN ANSWER; IT CAN ONLY BE A NECESSARY CONDITION.)

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 GENERAL RECURSIVE CAPACITY WAS EXTENDED TO CORE-MERGE IN THE HUMAN BRAIN TO YIELD RECURSIVE MERGE. "ALL CREATURES ARE ENDOWED WITH RECURSIVE MOTOR MACHINERY AS PART OF THEIR STANDARD OPERATING EQUIPMENT."

"A CRITICAL STEP IN ACQUIRING OUR OWN DISTINCTIVE BRAND OF THINKING WAS NOT THE EVOLUTION OF RECURSION AS A NOVEL FORM OF COMPUTATION, BUT THE RELEASE OF RECURSION FROM ITS MOTOR PRISON TO OTHER DOMAINS OF THOUGHT."

- M. HAUSER

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MAIN POINTS MADE SO FAR:

- MERGE, SUBSUMING BOTH MOVE AND LABEL, IS THE ELEMENTARY COMPUTATIONAL DEVICE OF HUMAN LANGUAGE.
- THE UNIQUELY HUMAN RECURSIVE MERGE EVOLVED FROM THE COMBINATION OF CORE-MERGE AND GENERAL RECURSIVE CAPACITY, NEITHER OF WHICH IS UNIQUE TO HUMAN LANGUAGE.
- THE ORIGINS OF THESE CAPACITIES, AND THE PROCESS OF THEIR COMBINATION, ARE THE KEY ISSUES OF LANGUAGE EVOLUTION.

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PART III

TOWARDS A COMPARATIVE STUDY

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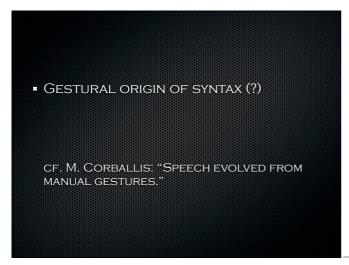
TOOLS AND LANGUAGE: ACTION TO SYNTAX

 BROCA'S AREA: COMMON NEURAL SUBSTRATE FOR HIERARCHICAL ORGANIZATION IN ACTION AND LANGUAGE

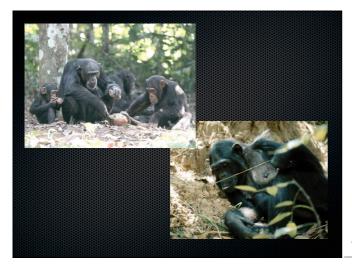
- P. GREENFIELD 1991.

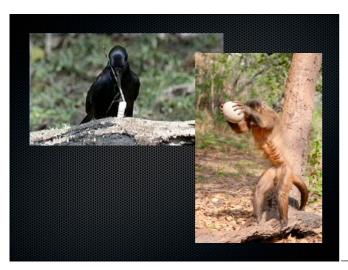
 MIRROR NEURONS: FOR GOAL-DIRECTED MANUAL ACTION AND LANGUAGE

- P. GREENFIELD 2006.



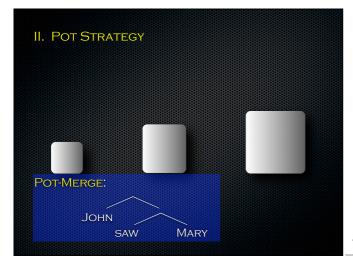




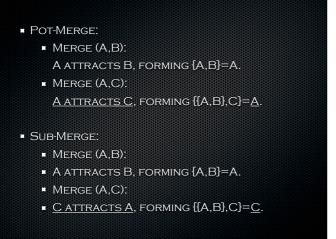


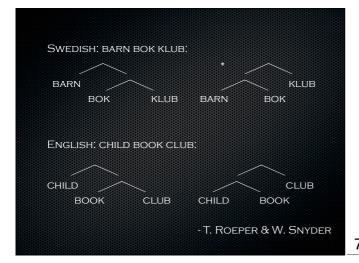


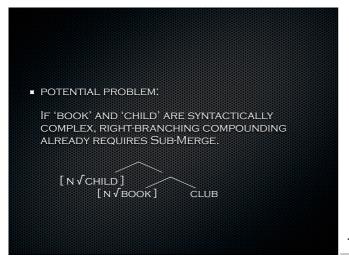


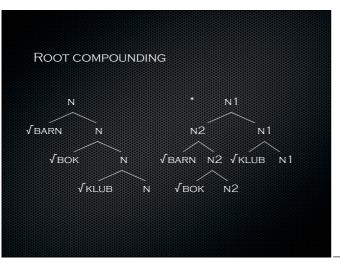


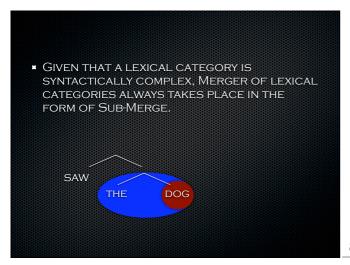






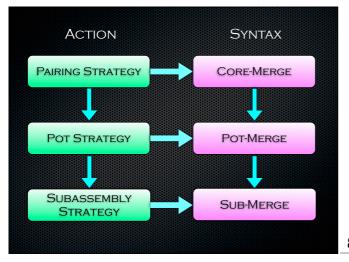






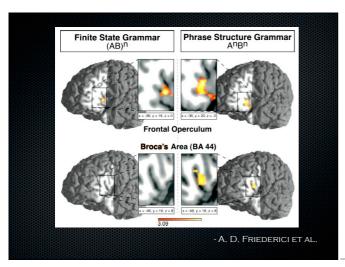
• IT WAS THE EMERGENCE OF SUB-MERGE THAT GAVE RISE TO FULL HUMAN LANGUAGE.

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The brain differentiates human and non-human grammars: Functional localization and structural connectivity Angela D. Friederich**, Jörg Bahlmann*, Stefan Heim**, Ricarda I. Schubotz*, and Alfred Anwander* **Man Planck Institute for Human Cognitive and Rain Sciences, Stephantrasse 1a, 04103 Leigzig, Germany; and 'Brain Mapping Group, Institute of Medicine, Research Centre (bib. 3-245 Jüling, Centre Sequences, This the bability to process liveractically structured sequences. This human albility open beyond the capacity to process sequences with simple transitional probabilities of adjuscent benefits designent on the layering of the cortex (Tho. Among the six layers of the isocortex, layer IV is virtually more transitional probabilities of adjuscent benefits designent benefits of adjuscent benefits of sequences with important sequences. This consistence types is supported by afferites mars in the human springuistics. Here we show that the processing of these two serial research sequences types is supported by afferites mars in the human springuistics. Here we show that the processing of these two points areas in the human springuistics. Here we show that the processing of these two points areas in the human springuistics. Here we show that the processing of these two points areas in the human springuistics. Here we show that the processing of these two points areas in the human springuistics. Here we show that the processing of these two points areas in the human springuistics of the secondary o



TWO NEURONAL CIRCUITS FOR PROCESSING SYNTACTIC COMPLEXITY

■ FINITE STATE GRAMMAR ((AB)^N):

VENTRAL PREMOTOR CORTEX (VPMC, BA6) & DEEP FRONTAL OPERCULUM (FO)

■ PHRASE STRUCTURE GRAMMAR (A^NB^N):

BA44/45 (BROCA'S AREA) & POSTERIOR PART OF SUPERIOR TEMPORAL GYRUS (STG)

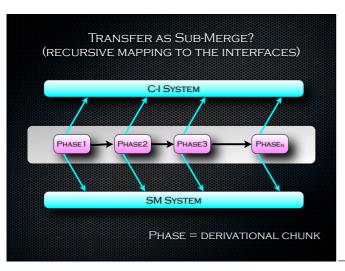
VPMC/FO PHYLOGENETICALLY OLDER THAN BROCA'S AREA

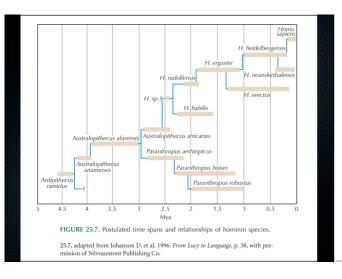
- A. D. FRIEDERICI & J. BRAUER

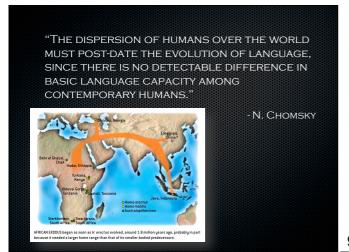
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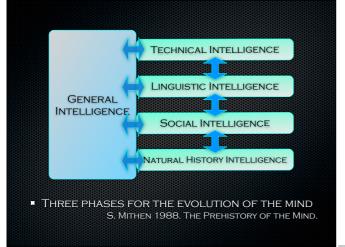
- CORE-MERGE IS PHYLOGENETICALLY OLDER (AND ONTOGENETICALLY EARLIER) THAN SUB-MERGE.
- Ph(r)asal movement is a form of Sub-Merge, a later innovation than Core-Merge.
- MOVE FOR EXTERNALIZATION (COMMUNICATION).

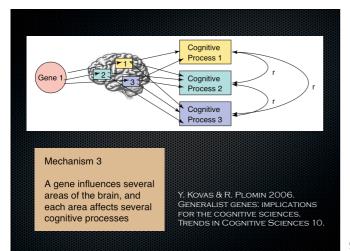
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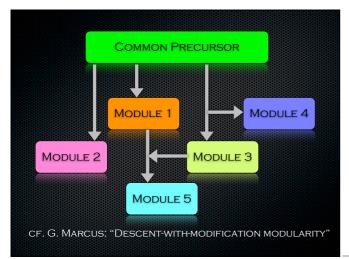












MAIN POINTS MADE SO FAR:

- SYNTAX EVOLVED FROM MANUAL ACTION.
- SUB-MERGE IS THE RECURSIVE ENGINE OF HUMAN SYNTAX, A COMBINATION OF POT-MERGE AND SUBASSEMBLY STRATEGY OF ACTION GRAMMAR.
- THE FACT THAT THE MERGE-BASED DERIVATIONAL MODEL MAKES THIS KIND OF COMPARATIVE STUDY POSSIBLE DEMONSTRATES THE ADVANTAGE OF ADOPTING MINIMALIST SYNTAX FOR EVOLUTIONARY STUDIES OF LANGUAGE.
- IT ALSO SHOWS THAT EVOLUTIONARY LINGUISTICS AND THEORETICAL LINGUISTICS ARE TIGHTLY CONNECTED.

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"TO CREATE IS TO RECOMBINE."
-F. JACOB

"TO CREATE IS TO MERGE."
- A GENERATIVE BIOLINGUIST