

ON THE NEW WEAK HERZ SPACES AND THE BOUNDEDNESS OF SOME SUBLINEAR OPERATOR

日本大学・経済学部 松岡勝男* (KATSUO MATSUOKA)

COLLEGE OF ECONOMICS
NIHON UNIVERSITY

AND

JAVIER SORIA

DEPARTAMENT DE MATEMÀTICA APLICADA I ANÀLISI
UNIVERSITAT DE BARCELONA

First, we state the definitions of the non-homogeneous Herz space $K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and the non-homogeneous weak Herz space $WK_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

Now, for a measurable set $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$, we denote the Lebesgue measure of E by $|E|$ and the characteristic function of the set E by χ_E . Also, let for $k \in \mathbb{Z}$, $B_k = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : |x| \leq 2^k\}$, $C_k = B_k \setminus B_{k-1}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_k = \chi_{C_k}$. And let for $k \in \mathbb{N}$, $P_k = C_k$, $\chi_k = \chi_{P_k}$ and $P_0 = B_0$, $\chi_0 = \chi_{P_0}$.

Definition 1. For $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, $0 < p \leq \infty$, $0 < r < \infty$,

$$K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) = \left\{ f \in L_{loc}^p(\mathbb{R}^n) : \|f\|_{K_{p,r}^\alpha} = \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{k\alpha r} \|f\chi_k\|_{L^p}^r \right)^{1/r} < \infty \right\};$$

For $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, $0 < p \leq \infty$,

$$K_{p,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) = \left\{ f \in L_{loc}^p(\mathbb{R}^n) : \|f\|_{K_{p,\infty}^\alpha} = \sup_{k \geq 0} 2^{k\alpha} \|f\chi_k\|_{L^p} < \infty \right\}.$$

Definition 2. For $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, $0 < p \leq \infty$, $0 < r < \infty$,

$$WK_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) = \{f \in L_{loc}^p(\mathbb{R}^n) : \|f\|_{WK_{p,r}^\alpha} < \infty\},$$

where

$$\|f\|_{WK_{p,r}^\alpha} = \sup_{\lambda > 0} \lambda \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{k\alpha r} |\{x \in P_k : |f(x)| > \lambda\}|^{r/p} \right)^{1/r};$$

2000 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 42B20, 42B35.

Key words and phrases. Herz space, weak Herz space, sublinear operator, real interpolation.

* The author has been partially supported by grant 2007/2008 Overseas Research of the College of Economics, Nihon University, Japan.

For $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, $0 < p \leq \infty$,

$$WK_{p,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) = \{f \in L_{loc}^p(\mathbb{R}^n) : \|f\|_{WK_{p,\infty}^\alpha} < \infty\},$$

where

$$\|f\|_{WK_{p,\infty}^\alpha} = \sup_{\lambda > 0} \lambda \sup_{k \geq 0} 2^{k\alpha} |\{x \in P_k : |f(x)| > \lambda\}|^{1/p}.$$

Next, let T be a sublinear operator satisfying that for any integrable function f with a compact support,

$$(*) \quad |Tf(x)| \leq c \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \frac{|f(y)|}{|x-y|^n} dy, \quad x \notin \text{supp } f,$$

where $c > 0$ is independent of f and x .

Then, for the boundedness of T on the non-homogeneous Herz space $K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$, the following theorems were proved.

Theorem A (X. Li and D. Yang [LY]). *Let $1 < p < \infty$, $0 < r \leq \infty$ and $-n/p < \alpha < n/p'$, and let T be a sublinear operator satisfying (*). If T is bounded on $L^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$, then*

$$T : K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

Theorem B (Y. Komori [K]). *Let $0 < r \leq \infty$ and $-n < \alpha < 0$, and let T be a sublinear operator satisfying (*). If T is bounded from $L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ to $L^{1,\infty}(\mathbb{R}^n)$, then*

$$T : K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow WK_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

Furthermore, we introduce the new definition of the non-homogeneous weak Herz space $\widetilde{WK}_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

Definition 3. For $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, $1 \leq p < \infty$ and $0 < r < \infty$,

$$\widetilde{WK}_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) = \left\{ f \in L_{loc}^p(\mathbb{R}^n) : \|f\|_{\widetilde{WK}_{p,r}^\alpha} = \left(\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{k\alpha r} \|f\chi_k\|_{L^{p,\infty}}^r \right)^{1/r} < \infty \right\};$$

For $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, $1 \leq p < \infty$,

$$\widetilde{WK}_{p,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) = \left\{ f \in L_{loc}^p(\mathbb{R}^n) : \|f\|_{\widetilde{WK}_{p,\infty}^\alpha} = \sup_{k \geq 0} 2^{k\alpha} \|f\chi_k\|_{L^{p,\infty}} < \infty \right\}.$$

Then, note that the following result holds.

Proposition 4 (with J. Soria). *Let $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, $1 \leq p < \infty$ and $0 < r \leq \infty$. If $\alpha \neq -n/p$, then $\widetilde{WK}_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$ is proper subset of $WK_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$.*

Sketch of proof. Clearly,

$$\widetilde{W}K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \subseteq WK_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

Now, for $\beta \in \mathbb{R}$, we put

$$f = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 2^{\beta k} \chi_k.$$

Then, under the conditions $\alpha + \beta + n/p = 0$ and $\alpha \neq -n/p$,

$$\|f\|_{\widetilde{W}K_{p,r}^\alpha} = \infty \quad \text{and} \quad \|f\|_{WK_{p,r}^\alpha} < \infty.$$

Hence,

$$f \in WK_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \quad \text{and} \quad f \notin \widetilde{W}K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n),$$

i.e.

$$WK_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \setminus \widetilde{W}K_{p,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \neq \emptyset.$$

□

Then, for the boundedness of T on the new non-homogeneous weak Herz space $K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$, we can show the following weak-type estimate.

Theorem 5 (with J. Soria). *Let $0 < r \leq \infty$ and $-n < \alpha < 0$, and let T be a sublinear operator satisfying $(*)$. If T is bounded from $L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ to $L^{1,\infty}(\mathbb{R}^n)$, then*

$$T : K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \widetilde{W}K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n).$$

Before proving this theorem, we observe the interpolation theorem for a quasi-Banach space (see [P]).

Definition 6. *Let A be any quasi-Banach space. Then, we define for $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ and $0 < r < \infty$,*

$$\ell_r^\alpha(A) = \left\{ (a_k)_{-\infty}^\infty : a_k \in A, \|(a_k)_{-\infty}^\infty\|_{\dot{\ell}_r^\alpha(A)} = \left(\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2^{k\alpha r} \|a_k\|_A^r \right)^{1/r} < \infty \right\};$$

for $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\ell_\infty^\alpha(A) = \left\{ (a_k)_{-\infty}^\infty : a_k \in A, \|(a_k)_{-\infty}^\infty\|_{\dot{\ell}_\infty^\alpha(A)} = \sup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} 2^{k\alpha} \|a_k\|_A < \infty \right\}.$$

Then, the following theorem for the real interpolation method holds.

Theorem C. *Let A be any quasi-Banach space, and let $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ and $0 < r_0, r_1 \leq \infty$. Then*

$$(\ell_{r_0}^\alpha(A), \ell_{r_1}^\alpha(A))_{\theta,r} = \ell_r^\alpha(A),$$

where $1/r = (1 - \theta)/r_0 + \theta/r_1$ ($0 < \theta < 1$).

Sketch of proof of Theorem 5. First, we prove that when $0 < r \leq 1$,

$$\|Tf\|_{\widetilde{W}K_{1,r}^\alpha} \leq C\|f\|_{K_{1,r}^\alpha},$$

i.e. T is bounded from $K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$ to $\widetilde{W}K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

Next, we prove the case of $r = \infty$, i.e. T is bounded from $K_{1,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$ to $\widetilde{W}K_{1,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$. This case is clear by Theorem B, Definitions 2 and 3.

Finally, we prove the case of $1 < r < \infty$. From the cases of $0 < r \leq 1$ and $r = \infty$,

$$T : K_{1,1}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \widetilde{W}K_{1,1}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

and

$$T : K_{1,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \widetilde{W}K_{1,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n),$$

respectively. Furthermore, by applying Theorem C,

$$(K_{1,1}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n), K_{1,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n))_{\theta,r} = \ell_r^\alpha(L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)) = K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

and

$$(\widetilde{W}K_{1,1}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n), \widetilde{W}K_{1,\infty}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n))_{\theta,r} = \ell_r^\alpha(L^{1,\infty}(\mathbb{R}^n)) = \widetilde{W}K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n),$$

where

$$\frac{1}{r} = 1 - \theta, \quad \text{i.e.} \quad r = \frac{1}{1 - \theta} \quad (0 < \theta < 1).$$

Thus, when $1 < r < \infty$,

$$T : K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \widetilde{W}K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n),$$

i.e. T is bounded from $K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$ to $\widetilde{W}K_{1,r}^\alpha(\mathbb{R}^n)$. □

REFERENCES

- [K] Y. Komori, Weak type estimates for Calderon-Zygmund operators on Herz spaces at critical indexes, *Math. Nachr.*, **259** (2003), 42–50.
- [LY] X. W. Li and D. C. Yang, Boundedness of some sublinear operators on Herz spaces, *Illinois J. Math.*, **40** (1996), 484–501.
- [P] J. Peetre, *New thoughts on Besov spaces*, Duke Univ. Math. Ser. I, Durham, N.C., 1976.

MISAKI-CHO, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 101-8360, JAPAN, *E-mail*: katsu.m@nihon-u.ac.jp

GRAN VIA 585, 08007 BARCELONA, SPAIN, *E-mail*: soria@ub.edu