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2	Improvement of registration accuracy in accelerated partial breast
3	irradiation using the point-based rigid-body registration algorithm for
4	patients with implanted fiducial markers
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- 25 **Conflicts of interest**
- 26 None
- 27

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32 Abstract

33 **Purpose:** To investigate image-registration errors when using fiducial markers with a manual method and the point-based rigid-body registration (PRBR) algorithm in accelerated partial 34 35 breast irradiation (APBI) patients, with accompanying fiducial deviations. Methods: Twenty-two consecutive patients were enrolled in a prospective trial examining 36 37 10-fraction APBI. Titanium clips were implanted intraoperatively around the seroma in all patients. For image registration, the positions of the clips in daily kV X-ray images were 38 39 matched to those in the planning digitally reconstructed radiographs. Fiducial and gravity registration errors (FREs and GREs, respectively), representing resulting misalignments of the 40 edge and center of the target, respectively, were compared between the manual and 41 42 algorithm-based methods. Results: In total, 218 fractions were evaluated. Although the mean FRE/GRE values for the 43 manual and algorithm-based methods were within 3 mm (2.3/1.7 and 1.3/0.4 mm, respectively), 44 the percentages of fractions where FRE/GRE exceeded 3 mm using the manual and 45 algorithm-based methods were 18.8/7.3% and 0/0%, respectively. Manual registration resulted 46 in 18.6% of patients with fractions of FRE/GRE exceeding 5 mm. The patients with larger clip 47

48 deviation had significantly more fractions showing large FRE/GRE using manual registration.

49	Conclusions: For image registration using fiducial markers in APBI, the manual registration
50	results in more fractions with considerable registration error due to loss of fiducial objectivity
51	resulting from their deviation. We recommend the PRBR algorithm as a safe and effective
52	strategy for accurate, image-guided registration and PTV margin reduction.
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