

# Non-symplectic automorphisms of 3-power order on $K3$ surfaces

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We classify non-symplectic automorphisms of 3-power order on  $K3$  surfaces  $X$  which act trivially on the Néron-Severi lattice  $S_X$ , i.e.,  $\varphi^* \omega_X = \zeta \omega_X$ .

$\omega_X$ : nowhere vanishing holomorphic 2-form.

$\zeta$ : primitive  $3^k$ -th root of unity.

$U = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ : hyperbolic lattice.

$A_2, E_6$  or  $E_8$ : even negative definite lattice associated with the Dynkin diagram.

## Main Theorem

(1)  $\exists \varphi$  of order 9  $\Leftrightarrow S_X = U \oplus A_2, U \oplus E_8, U \oplus E_6 \oplus A_2$  or  $U \oplus E_8 \oplus E_6$ .  
And

$$X^\varphi = \begin{cases} \{P_1, P_2, \dots, P_6\} & \text{if } S_X = U \oplus A_2, \\ \{P_1, P_2, \dots, P_{10}\} \amalg E_1 & \text{if } S_X = U \oplus E_8 \text{ or } U \oplus E_6 \oplus A_2, \\ \{P_1, P_2, \dots, P_{14}\} \amalg E_1 \amalg E_2 & \text{if } S_X = U \oplus E_8 \oplus E_6. \end{cases}$$

(2)  $\exists \varphi$  of order 27  $\Leftrightarrow S_X = U \oplus A_2$ . And

$$X^\varphi = \{P_1, P_2, \dots, P_6\}.$$

$P_i$ : an isolated point,  $E_j$ : a non-singular rational curve.

### order 3

Let  $r$  be the Picard number of  $X$ . We assume that  $S_X/S_X \simeq (\mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z})^a$ .  
 $22 - r - 2a \geq 0 \Leftrightarrow \exists \varphi$  of order 3.

$$X^\varphi = \begin{cases} \{P_1, P_2, P_3\} & \text{if } S_X = U(3) \oplus E_6(3) \\ \{P_1, \dots, P_M\} \amalg C^{(g)} \amalg E_1 \amalg \dots \amalg E_K & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and  $M = r/2 - 1, g = (22 - r - 2a)/4, K = (2 + r - 2a)/4$ .  
 $C^{(g)}$ : non-singular curve of genus  $g$ .

### Examples

$S_X$	Weierstrass equation and $\varphi$
$U \oplus A_2$	$X_1 : y^2 = x^3 + t \prod_{k=1}^9 (t - \zeta_{27}^{3k}),$ $\varphi_1(x, y, t) = (\zeta_{27}^2 x, \zeta_{27}^3 y, \zeta_{27}^6 t)$
$U \oplus E_8$	$X_2 : y^2 = x^3 - t^5 \prod_{k=1}^6 (t - \zeta_6^k),$ $\varphi_2(x, y, t) = (\zeta_9^2 x, \zeta_9^3 y, \zeta_9^6 t)$
$U \oplus E_6 \oplus A_2$	$X_3 : y^2 = x^3 - t^4 \prod_{k=1}^6 (t - \zeta_6^k),$ $\varphi_3(x, y, t) = (\zeta_9 x, \zeta_9^6 y, \zeta_9^3 t)$
$U \oplus E_8 \oplus E_6$	$X_4 : y^2 = x^3 - t^5 \prod_{k=1}^3 (t - \zeta_9^{3k}),$ $\varphi_4(x, y, t) = (\zeta_9^2 x, \zeta_9^3 y, \zeta_9^3 t)$

Non-symplectic automorphisms of prime order have been classified.

order 2: Nikulin

order 3: Artebani and Sarti, **Taki** (independently)

order 5, 7: Artebani, Sarti and **Taki**

order 11: Oguiso and Zhang

order 13, 17, 19: Oguiso and Zhang



### References

- [1] S. Taki, Classification of non-symplectic automorphisms of order 3 on  $K3$  surfaces, to appear in Math. Nachr.
- [2] S. Taki, Non-symplectic automorphisms of 3-power order on  $K3$  surfaces, preprint.

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