

Second Report of the Regular Limnological Survey of Lake Biwa (1967)

II. Zooplankton*

By

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The present paper is the second report on the zooplankton of the regular limnological survey of lake Biwa carried in 1967. The counts of the individual number per cubic metre on various zooplankters are listed on the tables 1 and 2. Both the compositions and the seasonal changes of the important components are fairly similar to those in the last report (1967). The annual changes will be studied in future with more numerous data. However, the author has to add short notes on two plankters.

First, a testacean rhizopod which was described in the last paper, as *Difflugia brevicolla* Cash is identified as *Difflugia (Pseudocucurbitella) pseudogramen* G. Lievre et Thomas, 1960, based on the later investigation.

Next point is on a species of plankton rotatoria, *Trichocerca chattoni* (de Beauchamp, 1907) (Fig. 1). The present species were collected from many localities in lake Biwa, when the fourth general survey was carried out bet-

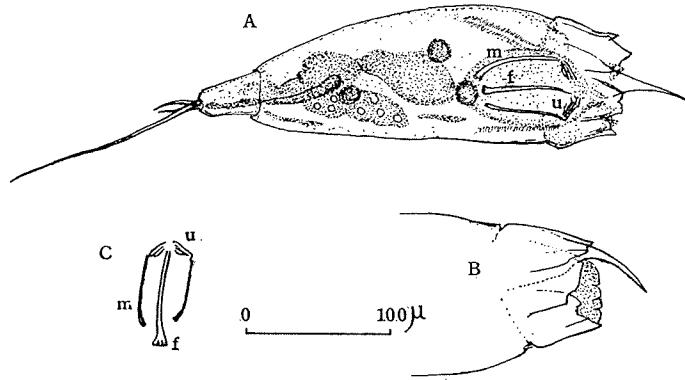


Fig. 1. *Trichocerca chattoni* (de Beauchamp)
A: dorsal view,
(foot portion is side view, because the body is twisted.)
B: side view of the head portion.
C: trophi of an affined species *Trichocerca capucina*.
(original)

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ween twentysecond and twentyfifth of July 1963. The status of distribution in the lake at that time is summarized in the table 3. In addition, it occurred in most cases above fifteen meters, especially abundant in the layer less than five meter depth, and was never collected from the neighbouring lagoons. After all, it is apparently an epilimnetic euplankton.

There had been no report of the present species in our country, until the author gave an oral presentation at the twentyninth annual meetings of the Japanese Society of Limnology in 1964. Moreover, it is noteworthy that this species had been seldom reported in the world. That is to say, it was first described as a new variety of *Rattulus cylindricus* by de Beauchamp (1907), and next Hutchinson made it an independent species when he reported some African zooplankton (1911). Hauer (1938) described it when he studied the zooplankton of the German Sunda-Expedition. Hereupon, morphological character is briely given. When compared with an allied specie *Trichocerca cylindrica*, both the toe length and the toe body ratio are smaller and the body is thicker. A head process projects from a triangular plate, bending toward right and downward.

References

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Table 1 Zooplankton of southern basin (n/m^3)

	Station	I-14	II-17	III-14	IV-17	1 V-16	6 VI-16	7 VII-15	VIII-15	IX-20	X-21	XI-16	XII-16
<i>Chydorus sphaericus</i>	Nb2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Nt5	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Na3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1500	250	-	500
<i>Alona guttata</i>	Nb2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Nt5	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Na3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Keratella cochlearis</i>	Nb2	-	-	-	200	2500	-	1000	2000	2800	1000	250	500
	Nb5	-	-	-	100	-	-	1000	11500	3200	4000	-	-
	Na3	-	-	25	-	6400	2500	-	17000	23000	32500	-	-
<i>Keratella quadrata</i>	Nb2	-	-	250	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Nb5	-	-	-	100	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Na3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Brachionus angulatus</i>	Nb2	50	-	-	400	2000	500	6000	7000	2400	-	-	-
	Nt5	-	-	-	-	-	-	3000	2000	1200	-	-	-
	Na3	-	-	-	-	400	-	-	19000	500	-	-	-
<i>Brachionus calyciflorus</i>	Nb2	300	75	1800	34800	1000	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-
	Nb5	100	25	200	400	-	-	16500	-	-	-	-	-
	Na3	-	50	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500
<i>Brachionus quadridentatus</i>	Nb2	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-	2000	-	-	-	-
	Nb5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	-	-	500
	Na3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Polyarthra vulgaris</i>	Nb2	200	125	1200	34800	5000	-	-	-	800	-	250	-
	Nb5	250	-	20600	2400	1000	-	500	1500	2000	3000	-	-
	Na3	-	50	5325	625	9200	10000	-	32000	5500	8750	400	-

Table 2 Zooplankton of northern basin (1e-1) (n/m³)

date depth	1 9 6 7												IX-19	X-20	XI-15	XII-15
	I-15	II-13	III-13	IV-14	V-16	VI-15	VII-17	VIII-16	IX-19	X-20	XI-15	XII-15				
<i>Eodiatomus</i> <i>japonicus</i>	0- 2	600	-	750	54000	200	1500	—	7000	44000	31000	24500	11500			
	2- 5	600	1000	38100	14200	8550	30400	13200	1500	95000	66500	27000	6500			
	5-10	1375	375	2625	7700	36800	65200	—	2000	225000	109000	17000	4500			
	10-20	3560	2600	3700	4700	9200	11100	1400	600	42000	17000	7100	2600			
	20-30	3180	1700	500	1200	220	575	25	200	1450	2400	750	1700			
	30-50	2120	1550	450	1575	40	400	-	300	150	75	975	1550			
<i>Mesocyclops</i> <i>leuckarti</i> & <i>Cyclopis</i> <i>viciinus</i>	50-70	1180	2300	50	—	400	150	12	75	50	-	80	75			
	0- 2	-	300	-	7800	-	1200	—	3000	8500	1500	4000	3750			
	2- 5	-	-	1500	2200	450	-	-	1500	27500	8500	3750	2000			
	5-10	-	125	1875	2040	3200	400	—	500	72000	41000	6000	1500			
	10-20	190	375	2900	4000	1600	200	1300	700	39000	25500	2600	600			
	20-30	180	125	550	1000	200	700	825	600	3600	1500	400	500			
<i>Nauplius</i>	30-50	310	310	425	1475	40	3400	500	400	400	1000	325	500			
	50-70	125	250	175	—	75	2000	330	75	300	325	80	40			
	0- 2	4500	41100	115200	562200	2400	24300	—	66000	44000	207000	80000	23000			
	2- 5	2400	21000	148500	76000	26400	7600	4400	13750	112500	62500	39000	10750			
	5-10	4000	10750	30750	26800	56400	4800	—	4750	84000	16300	20000	6500			
	10-20	1750	19300	44550	11100	5900	500	450	500	26500	48000	2900	1800			
<i>Nauplius</i>	20-30	4800	8500	11450	3400	2150	75	25	50	2200	1500	6600	1600			
	30-50	2375	8200	10900	2650	400	-	12	200	1500	275	350	425			
	50-70	1550	7000	4370	—	925	200	20	150	1750	50	300	100			

date	depth	1 9 6 7										XII-15	
		I-15	II-13	III-13	IV-14	V-16	VI-15	VII-17	VIII-16	IX-19	X-20		
<i>Daphnia longispina</i>	0- 2	-	-	-	5400	-	600	—	250	500	-	4000	250
	2- 5	-	-	300	200	-	4000	-	8400	-	3750	250	
	5-10	-	-	750	360	200	9200	—	-	18000	24000	750	
	10-20	-	290	150	200	200	4100	-	-	1000	2500	-	
	20-30	-	60	-	50	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	
	30-50	-	-	-	50	5	-	-	-	25	50	25	
<i>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</i>	50-70	-	-	-	—	10	175	-	-	-	3	-	—
	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	12500	10000	-	1000	3000
	2- 5	-	-	600	-	-	400	2800	250	36250	55000	1800	1000
	5-10	875	-	-	-	-	800	—	500	66000	114000	5760	1100
	10-20	550	125	-	200	100	-	200	10500	20000	700	400	
	20-30	560	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	250	500	-	
<i>Bosmina longirostris</i>	30-50	625	60	-	-	-	-	-	50	25	100	-	50
	50-70	375	60	-	—	-	-	-	-	25	25	-	20
	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	-	-	-	-	1500
	2- 5	-	-	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500
	5-10	-	-	1000	120	-	—	—	-	1000	-	250	600
	10-20	-	250	350	600	1200	700	50	200	2500	1000	200	-
<i>Anisogammarus annandalei</i>	20-30	-	-	50	200	-	200	-	-	100	-	200	-
	30-50	-	-	25	-	5	150	-	-	-	25	-	150
	50-70	-	-	-	—	25	100	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	—	—	-	-	-	-	-

	date	depth	I-15	II-13	III-13	IV-14	V-16	VI-15	VII-17	VIII-16	IX-19	X-20	XI-15	XII-15
			1	9	6	7								
<i>Keratella</i>		20-30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>cochlearis</i>		30-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	13	40	-	-
		50-70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	28	28	6	-
<i>Polyarthra</i>	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13000	2500	2000	-	-
	2- 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1630	5000	-	250	-
<i>vulgaris</i>	5-10	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	100	-
	10-20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	1500	200	-	-
	20-30	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	200	50	50	-
	30-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	125	25	50	-
	50-70	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	125	50	15	10	-
<i>Conochilus</i>	0- 2	-	5700	-	2200	-	-	-	500	-	5500	500	-	-
	2- 5	-	200	700	-	300	-	-	-	830	-	-	-	-
<i>unicornis</i>	5-10	-	375	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-20	-	60	300	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	100	-	-
	20-30	-	250	200	-	-	-	-	-	100	300	50	-	-
	30-50	-	-	225	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	50-70	-	60	300	-	100	-	-	-	50	-	50	-	-
	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3000	-	-	-	-
	2- 5	-	-	300	-	16650	-	400	500	4200	-	-	-	-
<i>5-10</i>	-	-	-	-	10800	800	-	-	750	-	-	-	-	-
<i>10-20</i>	-	-	-	-	-	700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>20-30</i>	-	-	-	-	-	550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>30-50</i>	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>50-70</i>	-	-	-	-	-	200	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-

		date	depth	I-15	II-13	III-13	IV-14	1 V-16	9 VI-15	6 VII-17	7 VIII-16	IX-19	X-20	XI-15	XII-15
<i>Pompholyx</i> <i>complanata</i>	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4500	-	-	-
	2- 5	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2500	-	-	-
	5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	-	-	-
	10-20	-	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-
	20-30	-	-	250	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Filinia</i> <i>longiseta</i>	30-50	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	50-70	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	-	-	-
	2- 5	-	-	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	-	-	-
	5-10	-	-	-	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Trichocerca</i> <i>bimacris</i>	10-20	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	100	-
	20-30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-
	30-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	25
	50-70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	-	-	-
<i>Trichocerca</i> <i>chaitoni</i>	2- 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	-	-	-	-	500	-	-
	5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	800	800	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	-	-	-

	date	I-15	II-13	III-13	IV-14	V-16	VI-15	VII-17	VIII-16	IX-19	X-20	XI-15	XII-15
	depth	1	9	6	7								
<i>Trichocerca</i>	20-30	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-
	30-50	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-
	50-70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>capucina</i>	0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2- 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2- 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Synchaeta</i>	5-10	375	750	800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-20	125	1250	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>oblonga</i>	20-30	-	2400	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30-50	-	750	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	50-70	-	680	140	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
<i>Asplanchna</i>	0- 2	-	900	1200	600	-	20700	-	-	-	-	-	5750
	2- 5	200	400	900	-	-	1600	-	-	-	-	-	750
	5-10	125	-	125	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>priodonta</i>	10-20	250	625	250	-	600	500	200	1400	-	-	-	1000
	20-30	60	300	-	-	100	75	-	750	200	-	-	800
	30-50	00	300	-	-	-	50	-	550	-	-	-	400
	50-70	-	125	-	-	10	50	-	-	-	-	-	175
												-	7

		date	I-15	II-13	III-13	IV-14	V-16	VI-15	VII-17	VIII-16	IX-19	X-20	XI-15	XII-15
		depth												
<i>Ceratium</i>		0- 2	600	3000	1800	7200	-	-	-	6250	13500	-	-	-
		2- 5	600	1800	1800	2000	-	-	5600	500	90000	-	-	-
		5-10	750	375	125	360	600	-	-	2250	10000	1000	-	-
		10-20	300	125	100	400	500	200	300	300	5000	-	-	-
<i>hirundinella</i>		20-30	190	125	150	150	150	125	125	300	6150	100	-	-
		30-50	550	250	50	150	35	200	20	350	2875	-	-	-
		50-70	-	-	30	-	60	150	25	125	2200	-	-	-
<i>Diffugia</i>		0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250
		2- 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	-	-	-	-
		5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>corona</i>		10-20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		20-30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
		30-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		50-70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Diffugia</i>		0- 2	-	-	-	-	2700	-	-	500	-	-	-	-
		2- 5	-	-	-	-	1200	-	-	250	3750	-	-	-
		5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	4000	-	-	-	-
<i>pseudogramen</i>		10-20	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	250	200	-	50	-
		20-30	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-
		30-50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350	25	-	-	-
		50-70	-	190	-	-	-	-	20	100	25	25	-	-
<i>Leptodora</i>		0- 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		2- 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>kindti</i>		10-20	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-

date depth	1 9 6 7							XII-15
	I-13	II-15	III-13	IV-14	V-16	VI-15	VII-17	
20-30	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-
30-50	-	-	05	-	-	-	-	-
50-70	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3 *Trichocerca chaltoni* in lake Biwa (July, 1963)

Regions	depth in m.	mean individual number/m ³			mean water temp.
		0 - 2	2 - 5	0	
Main basin	pelagic zone	1410± 990	2800±1900	30°6	30°2
		1510±1300	990± 950	30°5	30°0
	eastern coast	1980±1140	1340± 920	28°4	28°3
		4060±2000	1380± 960	28°8	27°3
	northern coast	6720±3400	2090±1140	29°7	29°5
					(2m)
littoral zone	western coast				
Southern basin					