

## Background

# Fujita's freeness conjecture

- Let X be an n-dimensional smooth projective variety over  $\mathbb{C}$ .
- Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an ample line bundle on X.

Then the adjoint bundle  $\omega_X \otimes \mathcal{L}^{n+1}$  is globally generated.

If  $\mathcal{L}$  is globally generated, Fujita's freeness conjecture is proved by Kodaira vanishing and Castelnuovo-Mumford regularity. Similar results are known in

- positive characteristic (Smith'97, Hara'03, Keeler'08)
- mixed characteristic [BM+23]

This globally generated case was generalized to the relative setting in characteristic zero:

### Theorem (Popa-Schnell'14)

- Let  $f: X \to Y$  be a surjection between projective varieties over  $\mathbb{C}$  with X smooth and Y n-dimensional.
- Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an ample and globally generated line bundle on Y.
- Then  $f_*\omega_X^m \otimes \mathcal{L}^{m(n+1)}$  is globally generated for all  $m \geq 1$ .

• To see that this is indeed a generalization, set  $f = id_X$  and m = 1. In positive characteristic, the analogous statement of this theorem is false (Moret-Bailly'81, Shentu-Zhang'20). However, an analog with some additional assumptions holds:

### Theorem [Eji19] (cf. [Eji23])

- Let k be a perfect field of characteristic p > 0.
- Let  $f: X \to Y$  be a surjection between projective varieties over k with X regular and  $n = \dim Y$ .
- Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an ample and globally generated line bundle on Y.
- If  $\omega_X$  is f-ample, then  $f_*\omega_X^m \otimes \mathcal{L}^{m(n+1)}$  is globally generated for all  $m \gg 1$ .

• If  $f = \operatorname{id}_X$ , the f-ampleness of  $\omega_X$  is automatic.

The following table gives a very brief summary of the results mentioned above.

	char. zero	pos. char.	mixed char.
absolute	OK	OK	OK
relative	OK	OK	?

Figure 1:Results on the globally generated case of Fujita's conj. and its relative variant

We consider the relative case in mixed characteristic.

# **On Fujita's freeness conjecture in mixed characteristic**

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# Main Theorem

Let  $(R, \mathfrak{m})$  be a Noetherian complete local domain of residue characteristic p > 0.

# Main Theorem

• Let  $f: X \to Y$  be a surjection between integral projective R-schemes with X regular and let  $n = \dim Y_{\mathfrak{m}}$  be the dimension of the closed fiber of Y. • Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an ample and globally generated line bundle on Y. If  $\omega_X$  is f-ample, then  $f_*\omega_X^m \otimes \mathcal{L}^{m(n+1)}$  is globally generated for all  $m \gg 1$ .

# Sketch of the proof

Although Kodaira vanishing is only available in characteristic zero, Bhatt [BM+23] proved a Kodaira-type vanishing theorem "up to finite covers". Bhatt's vanishing theorem is employed to derive a global generation result for the sheaves defined below (Key Lemma). This result is used repeatedly to prove the Main Theorem.

### Definition

Let X be a normal integral projective R-scheme. • [BM+23] For a Weil divisor M on X, define

to be the submodule

$$\bigcap_{g: X' \to X} \operatorname{Im}(H^0(X', \mathcal{O}_{X'}(K_{X'} + g^*M)))$$

where  $g: X' \to X$  runs over all finite surjection from a normal integral scheme X'.

• [HLS21] Define

$$\tau_+(\mathcal{O}_X)\subset \mathcal{C}$$

as the subsheaf such that  $au_+(\mathcal{O}_X)\otimes \mathcal{A}$  is globally generated by  $\mathbf{B}^0(X,\mathcal{A})$  for a sufficiently ample line bundle  $\mathcal{A}$  on X.

• Let  $f: X \to Y$  be a surjection to an integral R-scheme Y and N a Cartier divisor on X. Define

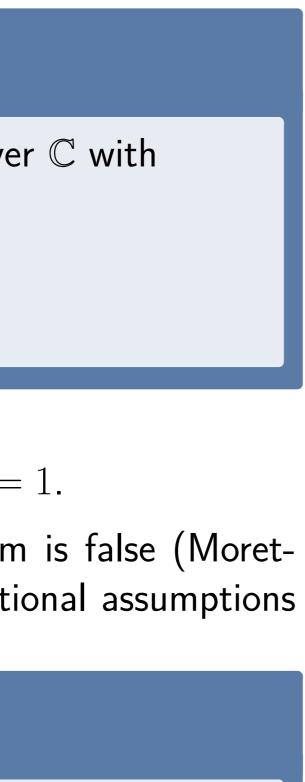
 $\mathbf{B}^0 f_*(\tau_+(\mathcal{O}_X) \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(N)) \subset f_* \mathcal{O}_X(N)$ 

as the subsheaf such that  $\mathbf{B}^0 f_*(\tau_+(\mathcal{O}_X) \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(N)) \otimes \mathcal{L}$  is globally generated by  $\mathbf{B}^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(N) \otimes f^*\mathcal{L}) \subset H^0(Y, f_*\mathcal{O}_Y(N) \otimes \mathcal{L})$  for a sufficiently ample line bundle  $\mathcal{L}$  on Y.

We state some properties of these modules.

- If X is regular,  $\tau_+(\mathcal{O}_X) = \mathcal{O}_X$  holds.
- If N is sufficiently f-ample,  $\mathbf{B}^0 f_*(\tau_+(\mathcal{O}_X) \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(N)) = f_*(\tau_+(\mathcal{O}_X) \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(N))$ holds.





- $\mathbf{B}^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(K_X + M)) \subset H^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(K_X + M))$ 
  - $\rightarrow H^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(K_X + M)))$

- X normal and  $n = \dim Y_{\mathfrak{m}}$ .
- is globally generated.

We prove the Key Lemma by using Bhatt's vanishing theorem and the Koszul/Skoda complex.

Now we prove the Main Theorem. We make two observations: for sufficiently large  $m \gg 1$  and for any  $s \ge 0$ ,

- generated (by the Key Lemma)

We use these observations to show that  $\omega_X \otimes f^* \mathcal{L}^{n+1}$  is semiample. Then we get the Main Theorem from **2**.

- characteristic, Publ. Math. Inst. Hautes Études Sci., (2023).
- preprint
- characteristic and applications, preprint.

### Key Lemma

• Let  $f: X \to Y$  be a surjection between integral projective R-schemes with • Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an ample and globally generated line bundle on Y. • Let N be a Cartier divisor on X with  $N - K_X$  big and semiample. Then  $\mathbf{B}^0 f_*(\tau_+(\mathcal{O}_X) \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(N)) \otimes \mathcal{L}^n$  is globally generated.

• If, furthermore, X is regular and N is sufficiently f-ample, then  $f_* \mathcal{O}_X(N) \otimes \mathcal{L}^n$ 

• If  $f_*\omega_X^m \otimes \mathcal{L}^s$  is globally generated, so is  $\omega_X^m \otimes f^*\mathcal{L}^s$  (by the f-freeness of  $\omega_X^m$ ) 2) if  $\omega_X^{m-1} \otimes f^* \mathcal{L}^{s-\delta}$  is semiample for some  $\delta > 0$ , then  $f_* \omega_X^m \otimes \mathcal{L}^{s+n}$  is globally

### References

[BM+23] B. Bhatt, L. Ma, Z. Patakfalvi, K. Schwede, K. Tucker, J. Waldron and J. Witaszek, Globally +-regular varieties and the minimal model program for threefolds in mixed

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