7. Epitaxy Growth of Metals Deposited on Mica, Calcite, Iceland Spar, Rock Crystal and Glass

Masaaki Yanagisawa

(H. Takagi Laboratory)

The reactions that reduces ammoniacal silver nitrate sol., or Fehling's sol. depositing Ag or Cu, are common practice in organic chemical analysis. But it is not known whether these deposited metals have oriented structure or not. In this study X-ray Laue method by Cu anticathode were applied for the elucidation of this problem with these deposited metals on mica, calcite, Iceland spar and rock salt face and glass surface.

Ammoniacal silver nitrate sol. was prepared as follows: 8 gr AgNO_3 was dissolved in 100 cc H₂O and then added conc. NH₄OH sol. until ppt. disappeared. Into this solution 20 cc H–CHO was added and various minerals were dipped.

As for Fehling's sol. 3.5 gr CuSO₄·5H₂O was dissolved in 50cc H₂O, and 7.5 gr Roschell salt in 50cc and into these mixed solution H·CHO was added and several minerals were then dipped.

Laue pattern shows that the Ag deposited on mica cleavage from the sol. of ammonical silver nitrate by adding $8 \sim 10$ drops of formaldehyde had two < 110 > fiber axes which intersect at 90° to each other and was found to be under stress. As for the Ag obtained from the sol. by adding $2 \sim 5$ drops of H·CHO the same axes as above was found with no stress.

Laue pattern of the Ag deposited on rock crystal, calcite, Iceland spar and glass, and the deposited Cu from Fehling's sol. on mica, rock crystal, calcite, Iceland spar and glass show the continuous Debye rings indicating no oriented structure. If the ammoniacal silver nitrate sol, that was added with several drops of H·CHO sol., was evaporated at room temeprature, hair-like silver deposited on the above minerals, but its orientation have not yet been determined.

8. X-Ray Studies on the Inner Structural Change Due to the Annealing in Aluminium

Masashige Koyama

(H. Takagi Laboratory)

In the preceding report, the relation between the reduction percentage and the hardness of the rolled aluminium plates as well as the variation of hardness