From these results we found that (1) at a constant temperature, the C contents of the pig iron increase and the Si contents decrease, as the basicity of the slag becomes higher, (2) when the basicity of the slag is constant, the Si content of the pig iron increases as temperature becomes higher and the C content of the pig iron is almost independent of temperature.

18. On the Continuous Leaching

Kiyokado Nishihara and Yoshio Kondo

(Sawamura Laboratory)

In wet metallurgy, the small quantity of soluble metal salt present in raw material is leached continuously by thickener or drag belt in some cases. In such cases, several formulae can be introduced. The salt concentration of leaching solution or washing solution and leaching efficiency can be determined by these formulae in which variables are the quantity of raw material treated, the quantity of solution in leaching tank or washing tank, the content of soluble metal salt in raw material, the content of solution in leached residue after leaching or washing, the quantity of supplied solution to leaching tank or washing tank and the method of circulation of solution. These formulae were applied to some cases of continuous leaching of copper from pyrite cinder.

Following results were obtained.

- 1. When leaching tank alone or a series of one leaching tank and one washing tank were used, salt concentration of solution and leaching efficiency approached infinitely a limiting value in the course of time. This limiting value was determined by the content of soluble metal salt in raw material and the content of solution in leached residue after leaching or washing. In these cases, increasing rate of salt concentration of solution and decreasing rate of leaching efficiency decreased when capacity of tanks increased.
- 2. When a leaching tank, a washing tank and a recovering tank were operated simultaneously, salt concentration of solution and leaching fficiency were determined by the content of soluble metal salt in raw material, the content of solution in leached residue after leaching or washing and the quantity of solution which was let to flow from leaching tank to recovering tank.