

# Recent results on the Index Theorem

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## 1 Review on elliptic pairs [4]

Let  $X$  be a complex manifold of dimension  $n$  and  $\pi : T^*X \rightarrow X$  its cotangent bundle. We shall make use of the sheaves  $\omega_X \simeq \mathbb{C}_X[2n]$ , the dualizing complex,  $\mathcal{O}_X$  the structural sheaf,  $\mathcal{D}_X$  the sheaf of linear holomorphic partial differential operators on  $X$ ,  $\mathcal{E}_X$  the sheaf on  $T^*X$  of microdifferential operators ([3]).

If  $F$  is an  $\mathbb{R}$ -constructible sheaf, its microlocal Euler class  $\mu eu(F)$  is a Lagrangian cycle supported by  $SS(F)$ , the micro-support of  $F$  (see [2]):

$$\mu eu(F) \in H_{SS(F)}^0(T^*X; \pi^{-1}\omega_X)$$

If  $\mathcal{M}$  is a coherent  $\mathcal{D}_X$ -module, its microlocal Euler class is a cohomology class supported by  $char(\mathcal{M})$ , the characteristic variety of  $\mathcal{M}$

$$\mu eu(\mathcal{M}) \in H_{char(\mathcal{M})}^0(T^*X; \pi^{-1}\omega_X)$$

The pair  $(\mathcal{M}, F)$  is elliptic if

$$char(\mathcal{M}) \cap SS(F) \subset T_X^*X$$

Under this ellipticity hypothesis, the microlocal convolution product  $*_\mu$ :

$$H_{char(\mathcal{M})}^0(T^*X; \pi^{-1}\omega_X) \otimes H_{SS(F)}^0(T^*X; \pi^{-1}\omega_X) \rightarrow H_{char(\mathcal{M})+SS(F)}^0(T^*X; \pi^{-1}\omega_X)$$

is well defined, and the microlocal Euler class of the elliptic pair  $(\mathcal{M}, F)$  is obtained as:

$$\mu eu(\mathcal{M}, F) = \mu eu(\mathcal{M}) *_\mu \mu eu(F)$$

One denote by  $eu(\mathcal{M}, F)$  its restriction to the zero-section. Hence, if  $supp(\mathcal{M}) \cap supp(F)$  is compact, we get:

$$eu(\mathcal{M}, F) \in H_c^0(X; \omega_X)$$

One of the main results of [4] asserts that the complex  $RHom_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathcal{M} \otimes F, \mathcal{O}_X)$  has finite dimensional cohomology and its Euler-Poincaré index  $\chi(X, \mathcal{M}, F)$  may be calculated by the formula:

$$\chi(X, \mathcal{M}, F) = \int_X eu(\mathcal{M}, F)$$

The remaining problem is to calculate the microlocal Euler class of  $\mathcal{M}$ .

Assume  $\mathcal{M}$  is endowed with a good filtration. Then  $gr(\mathcal{M})$  is a coherent module over the sheaf  $\mathcal{O}_{T^*X}$  and its Chern character is well defined. Let  $Td_X(TX)$  denote the Todd class. The following conjecture is made in [4]:

$$\mu eu(shm) = [ch(gr(\mathcal{M})) \cup \pi^{-1}Td_X(TX)]^{2n}.$$

## 2 Chern character of $\mathcal{E}$ -modules [1]

Let  $A$  be a unitary algebra over a field  $k$  of characteristic zero. It is a well known result that the Chern character of a finitely generated projective  $A$ -module may be calculated using negative cyclic homology. This construction has been generalized by Bressler-Nest-Tsygan to perfect sheaves of modules over sheaves of rings of  $k_X$  algebras. (There is also a recent and elegant construction due to B. Keller.) Hence, if  $\mathcal{M}$  is a coherent  $\mathcal{E}_X$ -module, its Chern character  $ch(\mathcal{M})$  belongs to  $\bigoplus_{j=1}^n H_{char(\mathcal{M})}^{2j}(T^*X, \mathbb{C}_{T^*X})$ .

**Theorem 2.1** [1] *Assume  $\mathcal{M}$  is endowed with a good filtration. Then:*

$$\begin{aligned} ch(\mathcal{M}) &= ch(gr(\mathcal{M})) \cup \pi^{-1}Td_X(TX) \\ ch(\mathcal{M})^{2n} &= \mu eu(\mathcal{M}) \end{aligned}$$

Of course, this result in particular implies the conjecture of [4],

In fact, the theorem of (loc.cit.) is more general and is stated in the framework of “quantized deformation algebras”.

## 3 Comments

It is interesting to notice that the Todd class appears when passing from  $\mathcal{D}$ -modules to  $\mathcal{O}$ -modules, and that the index theorem, when formulated in terms of  $\mathcal{D}$ -modules (and Chern character of such modules) do not use Todd classes.

## References

- [1] P. Bressler, R. Nest and B. Tsygan *A Riemann-Roch type formula for the microlocal Euler class* Inter. Math. Research Notices 20 pp 1033-1044 (1997).
- [2] M. Kashiwara and P. Schapira, *Sheaves on manifolds*, Grundlehren der mathematischen Wissenschaften, no. 292, Springer, 1990.
- [3] M. Sato, T. Kawai and M. Kashiwara *Hyperfunctions and pseudodifferential equations* in LN in Math 287, Springer-Verlag pp. 265-529 (1973).
- [4] P. Schapira and J-P. Schneiders *Index theorem for elliptic pairs*, Astérisque 224, 1994.